

THE WEATHER.

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THE MORNING STAR

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WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1912.

WHOLE NUMBER 13,106.

WILSON STRIKES CAMPAIGN STRIDE

Delivers Six Speeches and Meets Host of N. Y. Democrats.

REFERS TO T. R.'S CANDIDACY

Governor Voices Warm Sympathy for Reforms Proposed by Third Party, But Dissents From Their Programme

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 2.—Governor Woodrow Wilson struck up a vigorous campaign gait today. He whirled through the city in an automobile, delivered six speeches, met every variety of Democrat among the Western New York leaders and voiced for the first time warm sympathy for the social reforms proposed in the third party platform, but dissented emphatically from the programme by which they might be carried out.

It was by far his most extended utterance of the campaign upon the principles of the Roosevelt candidacy and the crowds who gathered to hear him showed their approval of the Governor's argument by frequent applause.

From the moment the Governor arrived his reception was practically continuous until late at night when he left for Trenton. He did not prevent a big crowd from thronging the streets on the way from the station to a hotel, where Norman E. Mack, former National chairman, had arranged a citizens' reception. To the mutual surprise of the Democratic leaders the reception turned out to be a harmony affair. Wm. J. Connors and Wm. H. Fitzpatrick, who ousted him from control in Erie county, were there. Mr. Connors and Mr. Mack, who have controlled opposing wings in Western New York Democracy, chatted amiably, accompanying the visitor through his day's tour.

Mayor Louis W. Egan, a Democrat, welcomed the Governor and furnished him with a mounted escort through the city. At luncheon given in his honor Republicans and Progressive Republicans alike were present. Chauncey J. Hamlin, manager of the Progressive party in Erie county, attended, as did some prominent Taft men. This occasion was a civic welcome for a distinguished guest rather than for a political candidate.

At Braun's Park, he delivered his principal speech under the auspices of the United Trades and Labor Council. He followed the thought of his speech prepared on the advance attacking the third party platform, but developed his points more extensively in an address that was nearly two hours long. "I shall be scrupulous to be fair," said the speaker, "to those with whom I am in opposition, because there is a great deal to be said for the programme of hopeful men who intend to do things, even if they have not struck upon the right way to do them, and we ought not to divorce ourselves from sympathy with men who want to do the right thing simply because we do not think they have found the right way to do it."

Speaking of the programme of social betterment as outlined in the third party platform, the Governor continued: "With that programme who can differ in his heart, who can divorce himself in sympathy from the great object of advancing the interests of human beings wherever it is possible to advance them? But there is a central method, a central purpose, that platform from which I very seriously dissent."

"What is the programme of the third party with regard to the disentanglement of the government? Mr. Roosevelt has said—and up to a certain point I sympathize with him—that he does not object, for example, to the system of protection, except in this circumstance, that it has not inured to the benefit of the working man of this country. It is very interesting to have him admit that, because the leaders of the Republican party have been at times out of mind putting this bluff upon you men that the protective policy was for your sake. I would like to know what you ever got out of it that you did not get out of it before by the effort of organized labor."

He here assailed the minimum wage idea and the plan of a Federal commission to control monopolies, and continued:

"It is amazing to me that public-spirited, devoted men in this country have not seen that the programme of the third party proclaims purposes, and in the same breath provides an organization of government which makes the carrying out of those purposes impossible. I would rather postpone my sympathy for social reform until I had got in a position to make things happen, and I am not in a position to make things happen until I am part of a free organization."

At the citizens' meeting in the evening at the old 65th regiment armory, the Governor was greeted by the largest crowd that had yet gathered to hear him in his campaign.

"The Laird's Daughter." A drama of the bonnie Scotch heather at The Grand Theatre today.

BRITAIN WANTS ARBITRATION

Will Demand That The Hague Tribunal Review Its Claim That Panama Canal Treaty Violates Hay-Pauncefote Treaty

London, Sept. 2.—It is officially announced that the British government will make a formal demand upon the United States government for arbitration of its claim that the Panama canal toll act as passed recently by the United States Congress, violates the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

Taft Surprised
Beverly, Mass., Sept. 2.—The announcement that Great Britain will appeal to The Hague Tribunal to settle its claim of violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty by the Panama canal act came as a surprise to President Taft.

The President was not ready tonight to make an expression about the appeal to The Hague. He had no official word from the State Department and did not expect to consider the case until he reaches Washington Wednesday. It was expected that a decision might not be reached until the return of Secretary of State Knox, from Japan.

It was pointed out here tonight that Great Britain's notice of appeal does not mean that the matter must go to The Hague. The United States has as much right to refuse to submit to arbitration as Great Britain has to ask it.

Friends of the President realize that Great Britain's action places him in a delicate position. As the foremost advocate of universal arbitration and arbitration of every subject, he is called upon to submit to The Hague a case that involves something in which every American feels himself vitally interested.

It was pointed out, however, that the President will have firm ground on which to base a refusal to arbitrate. His proposed arbitral court was to have been composed of citizens of the two countries in dispute and might, therefore be expected to give a "square deal" to the parties at issue.

The Hague court, however, would not contain a number of Americans equal to the number of other members from other countries.

All Europe feels much as Great Britain does about the Panama act and a tribunal composed largely of Europeans could hardly be just to America.

Will Decline to Submit
Washington, Sept. 2.—When informed tonight of the announcement that the British government would make formal demand upon the United States for arbitration of the dispute over the Panama canal tolls, Mr. Huntington Wilson, the acting Secretary of State, said that he had no comment to make.

From the attitude of this government thus far with relation to the dispute, the opinion here is general that the United States will not yield to the demand for arbitration without a prolonged diplomatic struggle. In some quarters the opinion is maintained that the demand would be flatly declined.

JONES WILL PROTEST
Alleges Wholesale Fraud in South Carolina Primary

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 2.—Ira B. Jones, candidate for Governor in the Democratic State primary, today served notice on the State executive committee and Cole L. Blease and John T. Duncan, the two news flounders, to cover the primary, that he will protest the result before the Democratic State committee when it meets Wednesday to canvass the vote for Governor.

The grounds on which the contest is based allege that wholesale fraud and irregularities were committed in a number of counties.

Judge Jones said that on account of the alleged irregularities a proper expression of the will of the people was not shown in the returns made and he asks the committee to throw out all boxes in which alleged fraudulent votes are found.

The protest alleges that the number of votes reported in the primary is greater than the number of qualified Democratic voters in the State.

On the face of the returns flounders and Blease were re-nominated by a majority of about three thousand out of a total of 140,000 votes cast.

HEAVY RAINS IN CHICAGO
Electrical Storm Does \$100,000 Damage—Hotel Flooded

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Rain fell in torrents and broke the hot spell this afternoon to the accompaniment of a lively electrical display. Thousands of patrons were turned away from the American League ball park and sought shelter in the street cars and doorways when the clouds opened.

The temperature dropped 10 degrees in less than an hour and stood in the seventies. An inch and a half of rain fell between 3:30 and 4:30 o'clock.

Water from a broken sewer flooded the cafe of a Michigan avenue hotel. Forty fires were caused by lightning. It is estimated that \$100,000 damage was caused by the fire and water.

Miss Cecilia Haleford was playing a piano when the instrument was struck by lightning. Miss Haleford was saved and was burned on her right foot. The piano was partly destroyed and the house was set on fire.

JONATHAN BOURNE REPLIES TO TEDDY

Says He Treated With the Standard Oil Co. to Avert a Panic

TIME OPPORTUNE, HE THOUGHT

Oregon Senator Expresses Surprise at Roosevelt's Dragging His Name in Controversy Now Going On—Statement

Washington, Sept. 2.—United States Senator Jonathan Bourne, of Oregon, replied today to Col. Roosevelt's statement yesterday that he and former Congressman Sibley, of Pennsylvania, were the only legislators who ever called at the White House during his administration in regard to Standard Oil.

"I must confess surprise at Colonel Roosevelt's dragging my name into the controversy he is now having with Standard Oil representatives and others," said Senator Bourne.

The Senator, explaining that in 1908 he did endeavor to settle differences between the government and Standard Oil, declared that he did so believing that such a result would prevent the continuance of a panic started in 1907 and that the government could secure much better terms by a settlement than through the courts.

Senator Bourne further declared that he "told President Roosevelt he thought the time opportune to make a settlement with the Standard Oil Company, and to secure their cooperation in getting a Federal Corporation law 'that would provide a harbor of refuge for honest business with the government, the harbor master, and the penitentiary for the dishonest business man.'"

President Roosevelt expressed grave doubt, Senator Bourne continued, "about any settlement favorable to the government being made with the Standard Oil Company. He entirely on my own volition and without Colonel Roosevelt's knowledge, I went to New York and sought an interview with Mr. Archibald. I explained to him the advantages of a Federal corporation law. Mr. Archibald expressed himself as willing to compromise with the government and favored a stringent Federal incorporation law."

Following this, the Senator said several conferences were held with the representatives of the Department of Justice.

"In my opinion," he continued, "the government would have been much better off had one been made rather than the final decision of the Supreme Court. I wish to state that I had no personal interest in the matter other than a desire to minimize the panic, and secure the support of big business interests for a virile Federal incorporation law."

"I have never had any interest in any of the Standard Oil companies. I have known Mr. Archibald and his family for several years and have visited his house. Neither he nor any of his associates has ever talked to me about any Congressional or State legislation other than my talks with him on a Federal incorporation law, and the popular government at fundaments."

"JIM" THORPE CHAMPION

Carlisle Indian Wins All-Round Championship of America

New York, Sept. 2.—Against adverse weather conditions on a wet track and field "Jim" Thorpe, the Carlisle Indian who holds the Olympic decathlon and pentathlon records, won the all-round amateur athletic championship of America, at Celtic Park today. He was first in seven of the 10 events which make up the try-out contest and finished second to John Broderius, of Princeton, in the other three—the long vault, one-half mile dash and 1600-yard hammer throw.

His total 7,476 points is a new record for this competition, beating the previous record of Martin Sheridan, made three years ago, by 93 points. Broderius was second with 6,303 and B. Brodd, Irish A. C., the only other contestant, scored 3,885 points.

DEATH NEAR GARLAND.

Mrs. Margaret Smith Passes Away in Cypress Creek Township.

Garland, N. C., Aug. 30.—Mrs. Margaret Smith died at her home in Cypress Creek township on August 28th, 1912, aged 70 years. Before marriage she was Miss Margaret Reeves. In early life she was married to Mr. Fenell Smith, who preceded her to the grave several years ago. Ten children survive. Deceased was a consistent member of Cypress Creek Baptist Church. By her loved ones and friends she will be sorely missed. The remains were laid to rest on Thursday last at Cypress Creek church.

Tampa, Fla., Sept. 2.—All heat records in Tampa since the establishment of the Weather Bureau here 21 years ago were broken today when the thermometer registered 96.2. On July 8, 1902 and August 2, 1908 the temperature was even 96.

FOUR KILLED; 26 INJURED

Passengers on Chicago, St. Paul Minneapolis and Omaha R. R. Hurled into Lemonweir River—Every Car Left Track

Camp Douglas, Wis., Sept. 2.—Four persons were killed in the wreck of passenger train No. 39 on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad which plunged into the Lemonweir river near Camp Douglas today, owing to the washing away of a bridge. Twenty-six persons were injured, six of them seriously.

Every car, including the sleepers with passengers still in their berths, were hurled into the stream, whose waters, augmented by the cloudburst of last night, had made a torrent. Panic-stricken occupants of the sleeping cars, clad only in night clothes, struggled through broken windows to escape. The smoking car was carried down stream, but all its occupants escaped.

The train had passed safely over the bridge a short time before, but was flagged at Tunnel because a washout further on had made the track impassable and was ordered back to Camp Douglas so that the passengers might breakfast.

Meanwhile the Lemonweir, flooded by a cloud burst several miles up the valley, had torn away the bridge and unwarned, the engineer could not stop his train in time to save it from plunging into the river.

Relief trains bearing doctors and nurses were sent out from several nearby towns.

BLADEN ROADS

Association Formed Yesterday With Hon. O. L. Clark as President (Special Star Correspondence.)

Elizabethtown, N. C., Sept. 2.—About 100 of the representative citizens of Bladen county met here today and organized a good roads association. Dr. L. B. Evans, of Brown Marsh township, was made chairman and L. D. Melvin, of Turnbull township, secretary. The 15 townships in Bladen were represented and were enthusiastic in the cause of good roads. Hon. O. L. Clark, of Clark county, was made president of the association and Clerk of Superior Court W. J. Davis, of Elizabethtown, was elected permanent secretary. One vice president was elected for each township who will discuss the matter and organize his people, bringing about an interest that will probably give Bladen some good roads which will be built here as cheaply as in any county in the State. Clark can be had anywhere along the public roads and there is a plenty of sand.

The county commissioners met today and dispatched their regular routine of business, all members being present.

NO AGREEMENT REACHED

At Conference Between Railway Officials and Employees

Washington, Sept. 2.—No agreement was reached here today at the conference between officials of Southern Railway and the employees over the demands of the latter for an increase in wages. A. B. Garrettsen, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, said the conference would likely continue for several days.

Mr. Garrettsen is here with Val Fitzpatrick, vice president of the Railway Trainmen, for conferences with officials of the Southern Railway, Georgia Central, Queen and Crescent, Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line, Mobile and Ohio and the Norfolk Southern railroads.

At a conference held about three weeks ago the question was discussed but no agreement reached. President Garrettsen said that talk of a strike was premature and that such action was remote. He thought an amicable agreement would be reached.

OUTLINES

Senator Jonathan Bourne yesterday expressed great surprise at Roosevelt's dragging him into the controversy now going on in regard to the Standard Oil contributions to the Republican campaign fund.

Four persons were killed and 26 injured, six of them seriously, yesterday in the wreck of passenger train No. 10, on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad, which plunged into the Lemonweir river near Camp Douglas, Wis.

M. B. Hobgood, yesterday shot and killed his brother-in-law, Commissioner W. P. Wilkinson, of Granville county, and attempted to kill his wife and child.

Governor Wilson yesterday made a vigorous campaign in Western New York, delivering six speeches and meeting all varieties of Democrats. Norman E. Mack arranged a citizens' reception for the Democratic nominee.

Thirty-six persons were drowned and many others probably perished in a devastating storm which swept Western and Northern Pennsylvania, drove the water into the Allegheny, and Eastern Ohio Sunday night and yesterday.

It was officially announced in London yesterday that the British government will make a formal demand upon the United States for arbitration of its claim that the Panama canal bill violates the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

LOSS OF LIFE IN STORM APPALLING

Thirty-Six Drowned in Western and Northern Pennsylvania

MANY OTHERS PROBABLY DIED

Monetary Loss Caused by Devastating Storm Cannot be Estimated—Thoroughfares in Flood Zone Impassable.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 2.—As a result of torrential rains last night and early today throughout Pennsylvania and West Virginia, thirty-six are dead and others are missing. Added to the list of fatalities' late tonight are 10 foreigners at Colliers, W. Va., bringing the list there up to 18; with 3 at Burgettstown, bringing the list there up to 4, and 1 at Woodlawn, Pa., near this city.

In addition, others are reported missing, but it is believed at midnight that the above will probably cover the number who met death. At all points tonight the storm is over. People in the various towns are attempting to take care of conditions caused by the flood, but are making little progress. Help is on the way and has arrived at some points, but the actual extent of the disaster cannot be estimated before daylight tomorrow.

From reports tonight, it is believed the monetary damage will be close to \$1,500,000.

Pittsburg, Sept. 2.—At least 22 known to be dead and 11 other believed to have perished, are the results tonight of a terrific storm which swept Western and Northern Pennsylvania, the Panhandle district of West Virginia and a section of Eastern Ohio last night and early today. The storm was the most devastating in the history of the localities mentioned.

The loss of life is appalling, while the monetary loss cannot even be estimated at this time. After a 24-hour period of excessively hot weather, the storm broke last evening. In addition to an extraordinary rainfall, the electrical features were most spectacular. The steady rain caused every stream to leave its banks. Within a short time the water had washed away railroad tracks in many places and sent tons of earth from surrounding hills, making all the thoroughfares in the flood zone impassable.

Latest reports from the various districts give the following table of fatalities:

Colliers, W. Va., 9 dead. It is estimated that 20 persons met death. Cherry Valley, Pa., six drowned. Burgettstown, Pa., one drowned. Avella, Pa., three drowned. Cannonsburg, Pa., three drowned. During the night this city experienced the storm. The suburbs suffered severely, cellars being flooded, street cars crippled and wire service prostrated. In a number of Western Pennsylvania points people became panic-stricken. At New Castle, Pa., congregations were dismissed by ministers when announcements were made that a flood was headed for the town.

At Ford City, Pa., a dozen houses were washed from their foundations. Lightning struck a score of houses, and a suburb is under from three to five feet of water tonight.

The Pittsburgh team of the National League, en route from Cincinnati to this city, to play two games with the Chicago team, was unable to reach the city until late tonight. Both games had to be called off.

At Colliers, W. Va., nine persons were drowned and rumor has it that at least 20 were drowned. The valley in which the town is situated was deluged by water; houses swept from foundations; railroad tracks torn up for long stretches, and roads were eradicated by landslides.

Debris floated down the creek, piling high at Hobday's Cove, and a score of houses were washed away. The tracks of the Panhandle Railroad for 14 miles between Burgettstown and New Cumberland Junction, were carried from the roadbed. The railroad crossed the creek here five times and all the bridges were wrecked, while the roadway was undermined. At many places in that territory railroad tracks were so badly crippled that it is not hoped to resume operations for a week.

SAYS MEAT COST WILL FALL

Cudahy Declares Lower Prices for Beef Are Coming

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 1.—Relief from high prices on fresh meats is coming, says Edward Cudahy, president of the Cudahy Packing Company, who adds: "Lower prices are coming soon, especially in beef. The season of grass-fed cattle has arrived and the heavy run of medium priced cattle will bring prices down with a rush. Pork, too, will fall, but probably not until January, when there will be a reduction of about 10 per cent. By next Summer pork prices will have declined probably one-third. The West is harvesting the biggest crop in its history and prices of live stock are bound to go down."

MAN KILLS BROTHER-IN-LAW

M. B. Hobgood Shoots County Commissioner W. P. Wilkinson, of Granville, and Tries to Kill His Wife and Child.

Oxford, N. C., Sept. 2.—County Commissioner W. P. Wilkinson, of Granville county, was shot to death on the public highway this morning while driving to town by M. B. Hobgood, his brother-in-law. After waiting on the side of the road, it is said, until Wilkinson came along and emptying the contents of a shotgun into his side, Hobgood is alleged to have attempted to kill his wife and child, who were in the party composed of Wilkinson, Mrs. Wilkinson, a niece, Mrs. Hodgson and another lady. The driver of the carriage whipped up his horses and got out of range. Hobgood then went to a house where Wilkinson had been carried and attempted to forcibly enter, but was roughly handled and finally placed in jail.

The affair has created a sensation since both families are prominent. It is said that family troubles of long standing were the cause of the tragedy. Hobgood, earlier in the day, it is said, had armed himself with a pistol and shotgun and gone to a point on the road where he knew Wilkinson would pass.

STR. NANTUCKET SINKS

Fire Fighters Cause Cargo to List—Two of Crew Drown

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 2.—Fire was discovered late today in the lower forward hold of the steamer Nantucket, of the Merchants & Miners Transportation Company, as she was discharging freight at a railroad pier at Locust Point. The water that was poured into her by the fire fighters caused her cargo to list and she turned over and sank to the bottom of the harbor. Two sailors are missing and it is thought they were overcome by smoke in an effort to save some of their effects, and lost their lives. They are: Joseph Wroton, of Norfolk, Va., and Harry Wharton, supposedly of Boston.

The damage to the vessel is estimated at \$75,000.

Several firemen, including Chief Emrich, were on the boat as she went over, but they climbed to places of safety and were rescued by tugs.

The Nantucket reached here this morning from Boston and discharged her passengers and local cargo at the steamship company pier. She was then taken to Locust Point to discharge the remainder of her cargo, for out of town ports. It was when the forward hatches were lifted to get at this portion of the freight that the fire was found.

The Nantucket was built at Wilmington, Del., in 1899. She has 2,259 gross tons tonnage and is 274 feet in length, with a 42-foot beam and a depth of 16.2 feet. She was commanded by Captain Frederick Hatch. The monetary damage will be close to working on the burning vessel late tonight Pipemmen John Krampe fell through a port hatch into the submerged interior and was drowned before he could be rescued.

The fire practically has been extinguished and it is thought the loss, including the cost of raising the vessel and repairing her, will not exceed \$100,000, fully covered by insurance.

POLITICS IN COLUMBUS

Official Returns From Primary Canvassed—Governor Speaks (Special Star Telegram.)

Whiteville, N. C., Sept. 2.—The official returns of Columbus county were canvassed here today. For the House of Representatives, J. R. Williamson was nominated, his vote being 2,182; for sheriff, J. T. Best, majority 1,036; for register of deeds, A. W. Baldwin, 1,000; for treasurer, T. E. Bardin, 29. The following board of commissioners was nominated: C. C. Pridgen, R. E. L. Brown, R. Q. Powell, A. M. Best and J. N. Cox.

Governor Kitchen addressed a large number of voters here today and much attention was given him. He attacked Senator Simmons' record and made his usual strong campaign speech.

HUNT FOR NEGRO.

Armed Poses in Pursuit of Black who Shot Giles Cox.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 2.—Poses of enraged farmers and deputy sheriffs searched all day in the Rose-dale section beyond Red Mountain for an unknown negro who shot Giles Cox and robbed A. S. Oglesby near there early today. Bloodhounds were used, but the negro had not been caught tonight.

Oglesby was riding along in a buggy when the negro jumped from behind the bushes with a pistol and demanded his valuables. Shortly afterwards Cox was attacked in a similar manner, but he seized the pistol by the barrel and it was discharged through his abdomen. He is in a critical condition.

LABOR UNIONS PARADE.

City and State Officials Review Line of 10,000 in Boston.

Boston, Sept. 2.—Ten thousand labor unionists paraded the streets of Boston today and were reviewed by the mayor, governor and other officials. The newly organized street railway employees, who recently won their fight for recognition, were given the right of line. Several thousand people ranged themselves on the bank of Charles river basin to watch the races of the New England Amateur Rowing Association, and yacht races, baseball games and other sports attracted large crowds.

CLARK ADDRESSES NEW HANOVER MEN

Chief Justice of Supreme Court Heard in Labor Day Speech

RECORDS OF HIS OPPONENTS

Enthusiastically Received by Friends Here Counter Attractions Militated Against Attendance—A Progressive Candidate.

Speaking in the interest of his candidacy for the United States Senate, for which he is opposing Senator F. M. Simmons, the incumbent, and Governor W. W. Kitchen, another aspirant for the honor, Chief Justice Walter Clark, of the North Carolina Supreme Court, addressed the voters of Wilmington and New Hanover county in the Court House here yesterday morning.

The court room, while not crowded, was comfortably filled, and had it not been for the fact that yesterday was Labor Day, and the city practically deserted, the distinguished jurist would undoubtedly have been heard by a much larger audience.

In his remarks Judge Clark confined himself almost altogether to a discussion of the records of Senator Simmons and Governor Kitchen, and to present day political conditions, and the things which are needed to remedy the unsatisfactory administration of the government's affairs. He declared that he had nothing to say against the personal characters of either of his opponents, and that it was no reflection upon them that he desired the same office which they desired.

Their public acts, however, were public property, he said, and there was every justification for closely scrutinizing the measures which they had advocated, and for which they would stand if sent to the Senate. He stated that had any voter here with the same views as he held entered the campaign for the Senate, he would never have become a candidate. Judge Clark's address undoubtedly made a wonderfully good impression on those who heard it, and his friends are certain that his vote here will be much larger by reason of it.

Chas. C. Loughlin, Esq., introduced the speaker in a short talk, in which he declared that the so-called progressive movement is but a recurrence of the American belief that ours is a government of the people, for the people and by the people, and is a logical evolution, brought on by the wide unrest resulting from the administration of a government in the interest of a few and against those of the masses. Judge Clark, whom he declared was head and shoulders above all other men in the State, in his opinion, was the only man with the same views with the progressive movement, and was ably equipped to do his part in winning the great fight if sent to the high office to which he aspired.

In opening his remarks the distinguished jurist thanked Mr. Loughlin for his kind introduction, and declared that it was significant that so many of his supporters were young men, who have their eyes turned to the rising sun of a new era of better government, and who are heart and soul in the fight for better things.

North Carolina, said the speaker, has caused to be very proud of Wilmington. In many senses Wilmington and Boston resemble each other. They both lay claim to being conservative and staid in all things, and yet in every crisis of American history each has been progressive to the utmost. If not revolutionary, however, Wilmington is very modest about her part in the moulding of the country's an affliction that Boston cannot be credited with.

He referred in detail to the part played in the Revolutionary War and the War between the States by the people of the Cape Fear section, and their part in the days of the Reconstruction, following the latter War. They had never failed to respond when their services were needed, said the speaker.

"A few years ago," he went on, "in a crisis in your history, without the advice of the Nation and against the advice of your State, you took decisive action, telling certain undesirable citizens that their absence would be preferable to their presence. They left and have not been seen since."

Referring to the women of the present generation, he said that it remained for the women of North Carolina to say whether they would or not. It is an evolution of the times, and when they say they want it mere man can do nothing more than to climb on a chair and watch the procession go by.

Judge Clark referred to the universal dissatisfaction existing now, as a result of the administration of the government by the Republican party for a number of years and he predicted that in November Woodrow Wilson would be elected to the Presidency, and a Democratic majority returned to the House.

But when, if there such a victory, he inquired, did the "interests" control the Senate, thus nullifying the effect of whatever work might be accomplished by the President and (Continued on Page Six.)

SPORTING EVENTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.
At Philadelphia, 2; Brooklyn, 4.
Second—Philadelphia, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
At Boston, 2; New York, 1.
Second—Boston, 1; New York, 6.
At Cincinnati, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Second—Cincinnati, 3; St. Louis, 4.
At Pittsburgh, 6; Chicago, 1 (postponed).
Sunday Games.
At Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburgh, 1.
Second—Pittsburgh, 6; Cincinnati, 11.
At Chicago, 3; St. Louis, 3.

Club	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	29	26	.520
Chicago	29	26	.520
Pittsburgh	29	26	.520
Philadelphia	29	26	.520
Cincinnati	29	26	.520
St. Louis	29	26	.520
Brooklyn	29	26	.520

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Philadelphia defeated Brooklyn this afternoon in one of the best pitching duels seen here this season by the score of 2 to 1 in 13 innings. The opposing pitchers were Rixey and Rucker. The latter weakened in the 13th inning when the home team scored the deciding run on four singles. Rucker did not give a base on balls and only three passes were given by Rixey.

Brooklyn—000 100 000 0—1 10 0
Philadelphia—100 000 000 1—2 12 0

Rucker and Miller; Rixey and Killefer. Time 2:00. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

Cincinnati, Sept. 2.—Cincinnati won both games of a double-header here this afternoon against St. Louis, at the close of which one of the most remarkable scenes ever seen on the local baseball park was witnessed. It was almost dark and the crowd had been calling for a called game. When Umpire Eason refused to listen to the cries, bonfires, made of programmes sprang up all over the park and in a few minutes thousands of them were in evidence. Eason insisted on the game being played out, however. McLean was hit in the head with a bat in the first game and retired. The opening contest was featured by great fielding.

St. Louis—000 001 100—2 7 2
Cincinnati—200 002 100—5 9 2

Geyer, Woodburn and Wingo; Fromme, Clarke and McLean. Time 2:02. Umpires, Johnson and Eason.

Second game—
St. Louis—100 000 210—4 6 0
Cincinnati—011 020 100—5 7 1

Griner, Budd and Hart; Moore and Clark. Time 2:17. Umpires, Eason and Johnson.

Boston, Sept. 2.—The biggest crowd at a National League game in this city in several years saw the Giants take both games of a double-header from Boston today, thereby creating their lead in the pennant race while Chicago loafed. Doyle's home run, with two men on bases, won the first game in the 12th inning, after a pitcher's battle in which Perdue opposed first Marquard and then Mathewson. It was a runaway for New York in the second, the score being 8 to 1. The Giants combining hits with Donnelly's wildness for five runs in the third inning.

New York—000 101 000 003—5 7 1
Boston—000 001 010 000—2 11 1

Mathewson, Marquard and Wilson; Perdue and King. Time 2:22. Umpires, Rigler and Pinneran.

Second game—
Boston—000 000 000 1—6 0 6
New York—105 000 0—6 7 1

Donnelly, Tyler and Rariden; Mathewson and Wilson. Time 1:05. Umpires, Rigler and Pinneran.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Brooklyn defeated the home team in this morning's game which required 11 innings, 4 to 2. The visitors tied the score after two were out in the ninth inning on a home run drive by Erwin, a pinch hitter, and they won the game in the 11th inning on Miller's double with two men on the bases and two out. The batting of Magee, who made four hits in five times at bat, was a feature of the game.

Brooklyn—001 000 00102—4 12 6
Philadelphia—000 100 010 00—2 8 1

Singletton and Miller; Alexander and Keller. Time 1:55. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.
At Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 3.
Second—Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 1.
At New York, 1; Boston, 2.
Second—New York, 0; Boston, 1.
At Chicago, 4; Detroit, 12.
Second—Chicago, 4; Detroit, 12.
At Washington, 2; Philadelphia, 3.
Second—Washington, 7; Philadelphia, 9 (10 innings).
Sunday Games.
At Cleveland, 3; St. Louis, 6.
At Chicago, 7; Detroit, 6.

Club	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	29	26	.520
Chicago	29	26	.520
Pittsburgh	29	26	.520
Philadelphia	29	26	.520
Cincinnati	29	26	.520
St. Louis	29	26	.520
Brooklyn	29	26	.520

Cleveland, Sept. 2.—Cleveland defeated St. Louis this afternoon in a pitcher's battle between Gregg and Powell, 2 to 1. St. Louis got men on third and second, with none out in the ninth, but Gregg then fanned Stovall and Austin, and Wallace grounded out. Cleveland—002 000 000—2 8 1
St. Louis—010 000 000—1 10 1

Batteries: Gregg and Carsich; Powell and Krichell. Time: 2:15. Umpires: O'Loughlin and Westervelt.

New York, Sept. 2.—Boston took a double-header from New York today on the Polo Grounds, the home of the New York Nationals, by scores of 2 to 1 and 1 to 0. Boston won the first game in the eighth inning, when Yerkes scored Hooper with a triple and Ford let him home with a balk.

The second game was a pitcher's battle, in which Joe Wood won the decision over George McConnell. It was Wood's 14th straight victory. Both games were played in a drizzling rain.

First game:
Boston—000 000 002—2 8 1
New York—010 000 000—1 2 9

Batteries: Wood and Cady; McConnell and Sweeney. Time: 1:40. Umpires: Connolly and Hart.

Second game:
Boston—100 000 000—1 7 9
New York—000 000 000—0 8 2

Batteries: Wood and Cady; McConnell and Sweeney. Time: 1:50. Umpires: Connolly and Hart.

Cleveland, Sept. 2.—By bunching hits off Kahler with Cleveland's errors, St. Louis scored enough runs in the first two innings of the morning game to win 5 to 4. Mitchell, who succeeded Kahler, pitched shut out ball. Chapman, Cleveland's new shortstop, drove in two runs with a double.

Cleveland—022 000 000—5 7 1
St. Louis—110 000 000—4 12 1

Kahler, Mitchell and O'Neil; Adams Napier and Alexander. Time 2:10. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Westervelt.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Philadelphia started in today to win second place in the American League by defeating Washington 3 to 2 in the morning game. They bunched hits well and compelled Washington to use three pitchers. Plank was driven out of the box by Washington after seven innings, but Bender held the game safe.

Philadelphia—010 101 000—3 9 1
Washington—000 002 000—2 6 3

Plank, Bender and Egan; Hughes, Musser, Engle and Henry. Time 2:20. Umpires, Dineen and O'Brien.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Detroit batted Chicago's pitchers all over the field this morning and won a one-sided game, 12 to 4. The visitors stole bases at will. Sixteen players were used by the locals.

Chicago—200 000 002—4 10 4
Detroit—000 042 200—12 18 1

Peters, Benz and Kuhn; Dubuc and Stange. Time 2:30. Umpires, Evers and Egan.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Philadelphia gained a second victory in the afternoon in a desperately contested 10-inning game, the score being 9 to 7. Walter Johnson was hit hard and timely. Crabbs was driven from the box in the fourth, but Brown finished the game in good form. The batting of Baker and fielding of Collins and Foster were the features.

Philadelphia—023 000 101 2—9 14 3
Washington—100 410 010 0—7 10 1

Crabbs, Browne and Lapp; Johnson and Almsmith. Time 2:30. Umpires, Dineen and O'Brien.

CAROLINA LEAGUE CLOSES

Anderson Wins Pennant—Winston-Salem Second and Charlotte Third.
Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 2.—The Carolina Association closed its fifth successive season today with Anderson winning the pennant, Winston-Salem and Charlotte following in order. Anderson's percentage was 600, Winston-Salem's 573 and Charlotte's 570.

Both Charlotte and Winston-Salem won morning and afternoon games from Anderson and Greensboro, respectively. The Anderson team has been in the lead since May 25th, but clinched the pennant only a few days ago by defeating decisively Winston-Salem and Charlotte in the critical series. The race between Winston-Salem and Charlotte for second place has been on for a month.

The Carolina Association has the record of not having transferred a franchise during the five years of its career. Its president has been J. H. Wearn, of Charlotte. The sentiment for change in the circuit for the next year, with the probable formation of a Virginia-Carolina and an all-South Carolina League.

CAROLINA ASSOCIATION.

Yesterday's Results.
At Winston-Salem, 5; Greensboro, 1.
At Greensboro, 5; Winston-Salem, 8.
At Greenville, 7; Spartanburg, 5.
At Charlotte, 8; Anderson, 7.
Second—Charlotte, 6; Anderson, 5.

Club	W.	L.	P.C.
Anderson	29	26	.520
Winston-Salem	29	26	.520
Charlotte	29	26	.520
Greensboro	29	26	.520
Spartanburg	29	26	.520
Greenville	29	26	.520

FLYNN DOWNS MILLER

Latest White Hope Refused to Come Up for 16th Round.
San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 2.—Jim Flynn won from Charlie Miller today when Miller, the latest white hope refused to come up for the 16th round. For the first 11 rounds the fighting was about even but Flynn kept hammering out heavier and heavier punches. Miller weighed 215, Flynn 185.

ELECTRIC LINES IN SOUTH.

Big Interurban System to Connect Carolina Towns.
(From the Wall Street Journal.)

The awarding of a contract for the construction of 12 miles of electric traction line between Greenville and Spartanburg, S. C., means a continuation of the traction development in North and South Carolina by the Southern Power Company. The contract was awarded to the Southern Power Company, as well as in the electric traction development. In all it is planned to build about 127 miles of traction line in the two States.

Two companies have been organized—the Piedmont Traction Company and the Greenville, Spartanburg and Anderson Traction Company. The first company's mileage will be about 27 miles, while the latter will operate 30 miles. When these lines are completed the two corporations will be merged into one company, to be known as the Piedmont and Northern Railway Company. The Greenville, Spartanburg and Anderson has awarded a contract for the construction of 12 miles of road between Greenville and Spartanburg, to cost about \$500,000. The section is to be completed by July 15, 1913. The company now has a part of its line in operation.

It is stated that the plans of the Duke syndicate include a much greater extension of the traction system. Surveys have been made for extension of the lines into Georgia and it is believed that Atlanta will be the ultimate terminus of the road. The North and South Carolina lines will touch Greenwood, Greenville, Anderson, Belton, Charlotte, Durham and a number of towns in the wealthier and most populous sections of the two States.

The Southern Power Company will furnish the current for the operation of the lines. This company, controlled by the same interests as the traction lines, owns practically all of the power-rights in the section through which the electric lines will operate. Several of these have been developed and plans are being made for the section of other power plants. With these hydro-electric plants the cost can be generated at low cost and transmitted at slight expense throughout the three States.

The co-relation of interests in the power and traction companies in the generation, transmission, utilization and sale of the current will mean to the development of the Carolinas. Cheap power is to be furnished to manufacturing plants and the traction lines are to make a specialty of "freight traffic." It is planned to make the section in which the syndicate is operating one of the greatest in the South, in point of manufacturing.

The Duke syndicate in operating its lines has been able to do what traction systems in other States have been fighting to obtain for a number of years. The Norfolk and Western recently made an arrangement with the Norfolk and Western for an interchange of freight with the electric lines. Arrangements had already been made with other steam roads at connecting points, but the Norfolk and Western held out until a short time ago.

COLUMBUS THE WINNER.

Leads in Second Section of "Sally" Season—Plays Jacksonville.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 2.—With a margin of one game over Savannah, the Columbus team of the South Atlantic Baseball League is winner of the second section of the season of 1912 ending today. Jacksonville leads the first section, which ended June 26, and the post season series will open with the Columbus team playing at Jacksonville Wednesday.

Three games will be played in the Florida city and then three at Columbus. In event of a tie a seventh game will be played in the city showing the largest attendance at the three games played in it.

Trinidad, Col., Sept. 2.—Benny Chavez, of Trinidad, was awarded the decision over Monte Altell, of San Francisco, in a foul in the 12th round of a grueling fight here today. The delivery of the foul caused wild excitement. Spectators crowded into the ring and the platform collapsed, but no one was injured.

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I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weakened manhood, failing memory and lame back, brought on by excesses, unnatural drama, or the follies of youth, that has cured so many worn and nervous men right in their own homes—without any additional help or medicine—that I think every man who wishes to regain his manhood and virility, quickly and quietly, should have a copy. So I have determined to send a copy of the prescription free of charge, in a plain, ordinary sealed envelope to any man who will write me for it.

This prescription comes from a physician who has made a special study of men and is convinced it is the surest and most reliable for the cure of debility, manhood and virility failure ever put together. I think I owe it to my fellow man to send them a copy in confidence, so that any man anywhere who is weak and discouraged with repeated failures may stop struggling himself with harmful patent medicines, secure what I believe is the quickest-acting, restorative, upbuilding, and so cure himself at home quietly and quickly. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, 1111 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send you a copy of this splendid recipe in a plain, ordinary envelope free of charge. A great many doctors would charge \$2.00 to \$5.00 for merely writing out a prescription like this—but I send it entirely free.

..Theatrical..

The theatrical season of 1912-13 will open for Wilmington tonight and it seems destined to be one of the most glorious of all seasons. The list of attractions, as already given partially, with more big ones to be booked, indicates one of the best seasons on record, and one, too, of big artistic triumph. The inaugural tonight falls to the lot of Denman Thompson's "Old Homestead," and a mammoth production will be made by the original company, save that a well known actor will appear in the role assumed for so long by the late Denman Thompson. It promises to be one of the delightful treats of the season, and will, no doubt, be greeted by a large audience. Seats went on sale at Plummer's yesterday and the scale runs only to \$1.

Those who love sweet music and those who enjoy the scent of new mown hay can have their several tastes gratified by a visit to "The Old Homestead." This charming play has been before the public for twenty-six years, and is now on its twenty-seventh annual tour. It is the same simple story of rural life in New England that it was away back in 1885, when it was first produced as a finished drama at the Boston Theatre. And for eleven years prior to that Mr.



MR. E. L. SNADER
As "Joshua Whitcomb," Academy of Music Tonight.

Thompson had been presenting a play called "Joshua Whitcomb," in which he portrayed the sturdy old farmer, Uncle Josh. And even before that time Mr. Thompson had given for some years in the variety halls a sketch, having Uncle Josh as its central figure. So, taking it altogether, the character of the kindly New England farmer, Uncle Josh, has been before the theatrical public for nearly forty years. The dramatic critic hesitates when he attempts to write anything new of "The Old Homestead." When a character has become so identified with the American stage as has Uncle Josh, by a life of nearly two score years, the pen may well falter in the effort to say anything new. And yet this much may be said: Denman Thompson, in presenting to the American stage a typical American character as it had never been presented before, endeared himself to the theatre-going public and made for himself a niche in the Temple of Fame as an actor and author.

At the Bijou.
Naturally the beach was popular yesterday by celebrators of Labor Day, but notwithstanding that one of the most popular of all places was the Bijou, where in addition to a big show there was that comfortable feeling, made so by many electric fans and perfect hygienic ventilation. The Bijou had a bill especially gala for the holidays yesterday, and it was thoroughly enjoyed and deeply appreciated by immense audiences. And it all goes to show that the Bijou, amusement lovers' favorite spot, is always up to snuff and is ever alert to delight the folks of this city.

Today's bill will be equally as well and festive as the one of yesterday, and so the people are given a sure tip to be on hand, so as to enjoy them selves.

One of today's stars will be "The Double Cross," which is an intense, thrilling story of life in the West during the gold fever days. It tells how one partner goes back on another and comes near wrecking happiness, as well as swindling his comrade. It is something new and is most attractive.

"Alone in New York" is another star and it tells of the further adventures of "Marry," a figure amusement devotees of the "movies" are thoroughly familiar with. "Marry" strikes New York, and has an experience with a flashy dressed stranger, who takes her to sip champagne. She is saved by a chorus girl she had befriended. It is not only a most interesting tale, but one full of human nature and carrying a big moral.

All the other films for today are the best and latest on the market.

At The Grand Theatre.
With the opening of the regular theatre season, the Grand at the small

price of five cents, promises to be even more popular than ever. With the public mind on things theatrical generally, it can hardly escape the many good things that are daily offered at this popular place of amusement and from now on through the Winter, the Grand is confidently expecting the largest business in its history.

For today a feature film will be "The Little Wanderer." It is the story of a waif and an adopted child and is beautifully and graphically told in the moving pictures. The little waif averts a robbery and a grateful old squires provides her with a comfortable home for life.

Something that will appeal especially to the people of the lower Cape Fear will be a Selig film of "The Laird's Daughter," a drama of the bonnie Scotch heather. Robert MacDonald is a poor Scotch lad and is in love with Airleon MacGregor. About the lives of these young people is constructed a story, beautiful in its conception and invested with a wealth of environment that will be sure to please.

In addition to these two films there is a third and with the delightfully cool atmosphere of the place and the music by the orchestra the day should prove one of the very best of the week.

EXCITING RACES

Middle States Regatta Held at Washington—Ariels Won

Washington, Sept. 2.—With weather conditions that could not have been improved upon for rowing, the 23rd annual Middle States Regatta was held on the Potomac River here today. Although no records were broken, many of the events were fast, close and exciting.

The best race of the day was the final event in the morning programme, the Junior 8-oared race, in which were entered the junior crews from the Ariel Rowing Club, of Baltimore, and the Potomac Annapolans, of Washington. The race narrowed to a contest between the Ariels and Potomac, in which both crews were alternately leading.

Within a hundred feet from the finish the Ariels increased their stroke and won by a foot and a half.

ROANOKE SELECTED.

Virginia Trap Shooters Will Meet There Next Year—Lynchburg Won.

Lynchburg, Va., Sept. 2.—The Virginia Trap Shooters Association, in annual session here tonight, selected Roanoke as the place for the next annual meet on Labor Day 1913, and elected W. H. Boyd, of Roanoke, president and E. W. Poindexter, of Roanoke, secretary-treasurer.

Eighty shooters faced the traps today under a hot sun. A Lynchburg man won the 5-man contest with a score of 225 in 250 targets. The individual championship event takes place tomorrow afternoon.

JOE MANDOT WINS

Gets Decision Over Joe Rivers in 20 Fierce Rounds.

Los Angeles, Sept. 2.—Joe Mandot, the New Orleans lightweight, defeated Joe Rivers, of Los Angeles, in 20 rounds of fierce fighting at Vernon today. Mandot had the better of every round but three and won the decision by a wide margin.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 2.—Lon Callis, who ran amuck in the village of Massey Station near Memphis last night and wounded several persons, had not been apprehended up to midnight tonight. Posses headed by Sheriff's deputies searched for the man throughout today and up to a late hour tonight without result.

Mr. George Carmichael has gone to Chapel Hill to resume his studies at the University, after spending a few days at Mrs. Annie Northrop's cottage.



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LABOR DAY AT STATE CAPITAL

Special Sermon by Dr. Pittenger—Festivities at Park—Governor at Whiteville—New School Tax District—Raleigh

(Special Star Correspondence.) Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 2.—In the course of a sermon Sunday morning at the Church of the Good Shepherd by Dr. I. McK. Pittenger, the rector, the special theme of which was the brotherhood of man and Christ the Savior of all, Dr. Pittenger made a plea for brotherly relations between employer and employee and lamented the fact that some of the bitterest and most oppressive methods he had ever seen applied had come from organized labor in its attitude toward non-union labor.

He insisted that organized labor, in resisting oppression, should not oppress. Dr. Pittenger lamented the bitterness of political conflicts and pleaded the necessity of recognizing that men in all parties have sincerely in view the greatest good to the greatest number. He pleaded for tolerance and less bitter methods in political campaigns.

Festivities at the new Bloomsbury Park are the principal features of observance of Labor Day in Raleigh. The State offices, the banks, the postoffice and other public offices were closed most of the day. The Raleigh Country Club sent a team of expert golfers up to Durham to play the Durham Country Club, Durham hoping to retrieve her losses when on the Raleigh links, all Durham contestants were defeated. The Raleigh players pitted against Durham on the Durham links for Labor Day are G. W. Gamwell, W. H. Williamson, James Royall, Richard Bradley, Gordon Smith, Theo. Webb, S. Brown, Shepherd, A. P. Bauman, P. F. Dixon, W. K. Dixon, F. H. Briggs, E. C. McGinnis.

With a new local tax district for the improvement of schools just voted Wilkes county has 49 local tax districts that have been created within the past ten years, no other county having made so much educational progress in spite of obstacles that many would have deemed insurmountable. In 12 years the value of school property has advanced from \$5,000 to \$600,000. The advance all along educational lines has been in proportion. C. C. Wright, county superintendent, has been the leading factor in this march of progress.

The Rowan Construction Co., of Salisbury, capital \$100,000 authorized, and \$3,000 subscribed by N. B. McCanness, J. S. McCanness, C. L. Welch and others, was chartered today for general contracting business. There was also a charter for the Planters' Bank, Stokes, N. C., Pitt county, capital \$10,000 by J. L. Perkins, W. G. Stokes and others for savings and commercial business.

Governor Kitchen made a Labor Day speech at Whiteville, Columbus county, today. He and his friends are much elated over the election of William Jennings Bryan as United States Senator. The Governor, declaring that Simmons is not a Progressive and expressing surprise that the people have "tolerated him as long as they have."

The Supreme Court will call appeals from the Second district Tuesday morning in the following order: State vs. Vinson, State vs. Murray, State vs. Harris, Baker Bros. vs. Abbott, Peele vs. Powell (not for argument), Grant vs. Grant (on brief), Leach vs. Lumber Co., Vinson vs. Wise, Ober vs. Katzenstein (defendant's appeal), Hinch vs. Brown, Miller vs. Navigation Co., Walker & Myers vs. Cooper, Dolan, Adair vs. Seaboard Air Line, Greenboro L. Co. vs. Knight, Grant vs. Grant (from Northampton), Ricks vs. Woodward, Ober vs. Katzenstein (plaintiff's appeal), Kelly Damm vs. Bridge & Iron Co., Mitchell vs. Freeman.

FIRST MONDAY AT BURGAW.

Large Crowds in Town—Burgaw High School Has Fine Opening. (Special Star Correspondence.) Burgaw, N. C., Sept. 2.—The usual first Monday crowd was here today, bringing various reports of crop conditions and as to politics in the county. The consensus of opinion seems to be that crops are hardly up to the standard, although some very fine yields are reported.

The Burgaw High School opened this morning with the largest enrollment in its history, 185 having matriculated, of which 53 are in the high school department. Prof. C. O. Fisher is in charge as principal with five assistants. Miss Bradford, of Matthews, N. C., and Miss Cassidy, of Laurinburg, represent the other changes in the faculty. There are quite a number of boarding pupils and if club accommodations could be provided there would be many more.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Pender county met here today and ordered a primary to select county officers on Saturday, October 5th, returns to be made to the court house the following Monday. Pollholders were appointed in the various townships.

Sunday was probably the hottest day of the summer, the thermometer reaching 97 in the shade. The county Republican committee met here Saturday last and elected delegates to the State convention in Charlotte Sept. 4th. They were E. McMoore, A. K. Parsons, and E. A. Matthews. They are divided between Roosevelt and Taft, it is understood, but go unpledged with instructions to use the longest pole in reaching for the persimmon.

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KINSTON AFFAIRS

Work on Central Highway—Opening Of Campaign—Other Notes. (Special Star Correspondence.) Kinston, N. C., Sept. 2.—Work on the Central Highway between this city and Falling Creek is being rapidly pushed, and the indications are that this stretch will be completed before cold weather. This is a part of the road between Kinston and La Grange, selected as the route through Lenoir county of the Beaufort-to-Martin highway. The filling in the road through the swamp at Falling Creek is being done entirely by private citizens, although the county road force is engaged in building a culvert and making a fill over it, a splendid piece of work, near the State school for the feeble-minded. The fine road has been improved in many places by private subscriptions, and a new steel bridge at Falling Creek was erected by means jointly of county appropriation and of individual subscriptions. The last link of the Lenoir stretch of the highway is in this city, a dirt road, which will probably be improved before the winter. East of Kinston to the Craven county line and west to the Wayne line a splendid sand-clay roadway now connects the city with Newbern and Goldsboro, and when the portion of the Queen street yet unimproved has been put into good form, the county will have completed one of the finest links of the Central Highway in the east.

The Knights of Pythias lodge in Kinston gave an informal social complimentary to Prof. Sturgis, of Butler, and, while concluding the music at the Christian church in this city. The affair was a most pleasant one, and graced by the presence of many ladies. A musical programme was rendered, and afterwards refreshments were served. The Pythians have inaugurated a custom of devoting Friday evening of each week to ladies' receptions in the handsomely-furnished new rooms occupied by the order on Queen street, and this feature is proving very popular.

On next Saturday Attorney General T. W. Bickett will open the Democratic campaign in Lenoir county, with a speech in the Court House here at noon. Mr. Bickett has written Chairman Cowper that he is especially desirous that the young men who have not voted will hear him, and asks that "the committee and all other zealous Democrats will make a special effort to get these men who wandered away from us in the '90s to attend the meeting," declaring that there will be nothing in his speech objectionable to them. Superintendent J. Y. Joyner will address a gathering at Hebron, Duplin county, on the 6th, on educational matters.

Two teams from the local fire department went to Newbern today to compete against teams from four companies in that city in hose wagon races. Twenty men comprised the Kinston delegation, from the Caswell engine and East Kinston hose companies, and two horses and a light racing wagon were taken along. Chief Hill was in charge of the firemen. The six teams entering will compete for prizes of \$100, \$75 and \$50. The Caswell company has taken money at nearly every tournament in recent years, in the State Association meets, and the Kinston outfit this summer took third prize in the inter-State event at Fayetteville, and both teams are confident of sharing in the awards at today's races.

The local Universalist church yesterday held services for the first time in new quarters in the Whitaker building, in the business section of the city. The church, of which Rev. W. O. Bodell is pastor, has secured larger rooms because of the growth of the congregation. Another church in this county, a. Woodington, is also in Mr. Bodell's charge, and the denomination is making steady progress at both places.

When Claude Worthington and Ralph Sumrell undertook to settle a dispute by fistfights on the street in Ayden, on the Atlantic Coast Line between here and Greenville, Sumrell's brother ran up and assaulted Worthington with a knife, severely slashing the man's left side and almost severing one rib. The wounded man fell to the ground, and was carried to a doctor's office nearby. Sumrell was taken to the Greenville jail, after he had surrendered to the police. Worthington is supposed to be out of danger, the cutting being a downtown street of the town, and the thoroughfare was thronged with people at the time.

ARRIVES FOR CAMPBELL.

Officer From Mississippi at Lumberton—Hotest Day—Bank Change. (Special Star Correspondence.) Lumberton, S. C., Sept. 2.—Officer D. A. McNeill, of Jackson, Miss., arrived here Saturday night to take back to the penitentiary of that State, C. C. Campbell, who was caught in the act of robbing a store at Proctor, S. C., a few miles south of here one night first of last week. When arrested Campbell told his captors that if they would free the Mississippi penitentiary authorities they could tell them about him. Officer McNeill says that Campbell was caught in the act of last year to serve five years for burglary but in October he escaped. Campbell seemed glad to return without requisition papers. The solicitor was communicated with and gave his consent for the delivery of the man to the Mississippi authorities. Mr. Hanes, in whose store Campbell was cornered, receives the \$50 reward offered for him. Officer McNeill left on the return trip with his man yesterday evening.

Yesterday was the hottest day of the year in this section. The mercury climbed up to 97 at 3 P. M. while 99 was the highest it had been at any time during the summer.

The many friends of Mr. Hal W. Boring, who has been with the Bank of Lumberton for the past year, regret very much his decision to leave Lumberton which he will do as soon as he can be relieved. Mr. Boring is one of the cleverest gentlemen it has ever been our pleasure to know. Lumberton dislikes very much to give him up.

What We Never Forget according to science, are the things associated with our early home life, such as Bucklen's Arnica Salve, that mother or grandmother used to cure our burns, boils, scalds, sores, skin eruptions, cuts, sprains or bruises. Forty years of cure prove its merit. Unrivaled for piles, corns or cold sores. Only 25 cents at R. R. Belamy's.

CHIEF OF POLICE KILLED.

Ratford Scene of Bloody Encounter Saturday Night—Arrest. Raleigh, Aug. 31.—Chief of Police P. C. Oakes was killed here tonight about 8 o'clock by John Cameron, a desperado from up in Queherville township of Hoke county. T. P. Cole was wounded in the arm and body.

The chief of Police was killed by three shots from a breech-loading shotgun, which took effect in the head and in the body. Five negro men and two negro women were shot and wounded, but not seriously. Cole will recover and probably the others.

Cameron went down Main street in his buggy with his double-barreled breech-loader and shot at anybody who attempted to stop him. The people were running in every direction. When Chief Oakes, being out in the edge of town, and hearing the shots, ran up and tried to stop Cameron. He shot him three times. Then Cameron left Raleigh in his buggy, going towards Laurinburg.

It is said that Cameron was in a grudge against the chief here for some time. He was arrested on one occasion on a charge of drunkenness, and ever since that time is alleged to have borne malice. Raleigh, Sept. 1.—John Cameron, who shot and killed Chief of Police P. C. Oakes, was arrested last night after being shot in the legs by Deputy Sheriff McMillan. He was attempting to run when shot. Three men were deputized by Sheriff Hall to make the arrest. They went to his home and waited until about 12 o'clock when he arrived in his buggy, when the arrest was made. Dr. Brown county physician, dressed numerous wounds and reported that they were only flesh wounds.

T. F. Cole, one of the men who received part of one load from the gun of John Cameron, is in a serious condition. He did not rest any last night nor has he rested well today. He was also wounded in the left arm.

Joe Graham, one of the negroes who was shot in the face and eyes, is thought worse than it was first. He is dying. The other negro men shot do not seem to be in such a critical condition. It is now definitely known that five negroes were shot, three in the face and head and two in the body and arms. These with the exception of Joe Graham will recover. There is a high state of feeling existing in the town and county. It is rumored that Sheriff Hall has deputized several men to guard the jail tonight. These men report that they are ready and prepared to meet any attack that Cameron's friends might try to make to effect his release.

John Cameron has lots of friends and relatives in the county, being the son of Sam Cameron, one of the Hoke county commissioners. He married the only daughter of Alex. Blue who died some years ago. Mrs. Blue is still living and owns several thousand acres of land in Hoke county. Mrs. John Cameron, her only daughter, owns four or five thousand acres of land.

The body of Policeman Oakes will be carried to High Point, his former home. His interment was considered the best police officer that had ever served in Raleigh. People held him in highest esteem and respect.

S. C. WOMEN WOULD VOTE.

Demand Voice in Politics—Denounce Present Conditions. Spartanburg, S. C., August 31.—The women of Spartanburg, moved by recent political developments in South Carolina, have raised their voice in demand of "votes for women," in this State. In response to this demand today more than 50 women met to consider the organization of a woman's suffrage league.

The meeting adopted resolutions declaring the political conditions in this State "disgraceful" and adjourned to meet again next Wednesday for permanent organization.

IT MUST BE TRUE

Wilmington Readers Must Come to That Conclusion.

It is not the telling of a single case in Wilmington, but scores of citizens testify. Endorsement by people you know bears the stamp of truth. The following is one of the public statements made in this locality about Doan's Kidney Pills:

Mrs. J. E. Marshburn, 516 Castle St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I am well pleased with Doan's Kidney Pills, for they have given satisfaction in my case. My back and kidneys were in bad shape and I had pain all through my loins, together with headaches and kidney weakness. In the morning when I got up, I was tired and languid and had but little strength with which to begin my day's work. After I had taken part of the contents of one box of Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's Drug Store, I improved and it was not long before my kidneys were restored to their proper working order." (Statement given February 24, 1908.)

A SECOND ENDORSEMENT. On December 27, 1910 Mrs. Marshburn said: "I value Doan's Kidney Pills as highly as ever and have no hesitation in re-endorsing them. They are certainly a good backache and kidney medicine."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.



Bunny, in Mr. Bolter's Infatuation—Comic MONDAY

Boils, Rashes, Pimples, Etc.

When the blood becomes infected with any unhealthy humor the effect is shown by boils, pimples, and rashes or eruptions on the skin. Humors get into the blood usually because of an inactive condition of the eliminative members. Thus unhealthy matter is left in the system to sour and ferment and be absorbed into the circulation. Remove these humors and no skin trouble can exist, because its very source is then removed. Boils, rashes, pimples, etc., can never be cured through the application of external medicines, because such treatment can have no possible effect on the blood; the most to be obtained from such measures is temporary relief. S. S. S. CURES all skin affections because it purifies the blood. It goes down into the circulation and cleanses it of every particle of unhealthy matter. Then the blood exercises its normal function of supplying nourishment to the cuticle instead of irritating it with a fiery humor. If you have any skin trouble you could not do better than purify your blood with S. S. S. It does not "patch up" it cures. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CUTLERY

STOVES

AMMUNITION!

Now is the time to purchase your Fall and Winter stock of Winchester and U. M. C. Ammunition, as well as your stock of Winchester Rifles and self-loading Shot Guns. We also carry a full line of Lever and Ithaca Shot Guns.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE

TINWARE

HARNESS

Ten-Day Bargain Sale!

Beginning August 29th we will offer for sale at very low prices our stock of Second Hand and Rebuilt

TYPEWRITERS

Underwoods, Remingtons, Monarchs, Olivers, Royals, Smith Premiers and Williams. Must reduce our stock. Call early and see them.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

C. W. YATES & CO.

'Phone 69.

Market Street.

If Anybody Says "HARDWARE"

We Want You to Think of

PECK & HOLLOWAY

They Have

"EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE"

We Sell Money Savers.

HAMMOCKS

Our New Line is Now Open — We have them at any price you want, from \$1.50 up to \$7.50.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

32 N. Front St.

MONUMENTS!

FOR LATEST DESIGNS, 'PHONE 1974-J.

Also Catalogues of Fencing, Vases, Galvanized Settees and Chairs.



TUCKER'S

519 N. Second St., near A. C. L. Station.

NEW GOODS.

We are receiving and opening new goods and getting ready for our Annual September Sample Sale.

Watch this paper for announcement of sale. It will be the Greatest of All Sales.

WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Aug. 7th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 1:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 1:30 P. M. and Richmond 1:40 P. M.	No. 81. 1:40 A. M.
No. 81. 5:30 A. M.	Chadbourne, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 80. 12:30 A. M.
No. 84. 1:30 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 85. 1:30 P. M.
No. 85. 5:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Roanoke Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 86. 6:15 P. M.
No. 86. 8:40 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Ft. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. Through Pullman Parlor Car Service between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 82. 8:05 P. M.
No. 85. 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourne, Conway (1), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 84. 1:40 P. M.
No. 82. 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 83. 12:50 P. M.
No. 80. 1:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 80. 10:15 A. M.
No. 83. 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Parlor, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York Trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 81. 10:00 A. M.
No. 87. 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourne, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 85. 8:15 A. M.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 100.

W. J. CRAIG, General Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Beach SEABOARD

Air Line Railway SCHEDULE

Effective April 1st, 1912.

WEEK DAYS:	Leave Beach	Leave Wilmington
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.	6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.
Business Men's Express daily except Saturdays and Sundays stop only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.		
FREIGHT:	Leave Beach	Leave Wilmington
6:00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	7:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.	6:00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.
Freight depot open daily except Sunday from 8:00 A. M. until 7:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.		
SUNDAYS:	Leave Beach	Leave Wilmington
7:00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	7:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.	7:00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.
FREIGHT:	Leave Beach	Leave Wilmington
11:00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	12:15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.	11:00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.

for information about train movements and all matters connected with transportation department.

W. B. & S. R. R.

Schedule in Effect Thursday, Aug. 1st, 1912.

Leave Wilmington	Leave Beach
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.
Special train operated Sunday only, leaving Southport, 6:30 A. M., arriving Wilmington, 8:15 A. M. Returning, leave Wilmington, 7:30 P. M., arriving Southport, 9:00 P. M.	
H. E. GOODWIN, Traffic Manager.	

YOUR SUMMER TRIP.

Look over these low excursion rates and attractive provisions, and then phone 160—or drop a line for any detail desired:

Wilmington to Washington, D. C., all rail or via Norfolk—\$18.00.
Wilmington to Baltimore, Md., all rail or via Norfolk—\$18.00.
Wilmington to Philadelphia, Pa., all rail—\$22.80.
Wilmington to New York, all rail—\$28.00.
Wilmington to Niagara Falls, all rail—\$25.85.
Wilmington to Niagara Falls, via Norfolk—\$35.50.
Wilmington to Atlantic City, all rail \$25.60.
Wilmington to Atlantic City, via Norfolk—\$24.25.

Tickets sold daily, good to return until October 31st—are good to stop over if route so reads at Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Norfolk. Many other attractive trips and rates, for the asking.

C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

ENTRY NO. 918.

To the Entry Taker of New Hanover County.

D. L. Gore hereby enters the following description of land, situated in Hatteras Township, in New Hanover County, North Carolina, described as follows, and containing about 100 acres, to wit:

Beginning at two stones on the Scott's Hill Macadamized Road, marked G. H. and L. G.; running thence North 20 degrees West 45 chains and 50 links, to a corner in Little Gum Branch; thence with the run of said Branch to the intersection of Big Gum Branch; thence up the same North easterly to the Thomas Howe line; thence with the line of the Thomas Howe grant South 11.2 degrees West, about 20 poles, to the corner of said Thomas Howe grant; thence North 88.1.2 degrees East, about 40 poles, to the corner of the Benven James Grant line; thence South 37.1.2 degrees West, about 19 chains, to a corner; thence about the same course continued to the beginning, and the same bounded on the South by his own tract, known as the Scott's Woods land, and the Scott's Hill Road; on the West by D. L. Gore's Elm Grove Tract; on the North by Big Gum and Little Gum Branches, and the Thomas Howe grant; and on the East by the Benven James Grant and Thomas Howe grant.

This 2nd day of August, 1912.

Entered and filed this 2nd day of August, 1912.

Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.

W. B. & S. R. R.

Quickest and Best Line West and North-west.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails. Schedule in Effect Thursday, Aug. 1st, 1912.

Le. Norfolk . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.
Le. Petersburg . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.
Le. Durham . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.
Le. Lynchburg . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.
Le. Cincinnati . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.
Le. Columbus . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.
Le. Chicago . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.
Le. St. Louis . . . 11:00 a.m. 10:40 p.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque points.
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BORLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

NO. 666

FOR CHILLS AND FEVER.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the
postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act
of Congress, March 3rd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily
newspaper in North Carolina, is published
daily except Mondays, at \$6 per year, \$2 for
six months, \$1.50 for three months, 50
cents for one month, served by carriers in
the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year,
\$1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25
cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on
application, and advertisers may feel as-
sured that through the columns of this
paper they may reach all Wilmington and
Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory
in North Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, com-
munications espousing the cause of a pri-
vate enterprise or a political candidate,
and like matter, will be charged at the
rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in
advance, a half rate will be allowed. An-
nouncements of sales, festivals, balls, hops,
picnics, society meetings, political meet-
ings, etc., will be charged under same con-
ditions, except so much thereof as may be
of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before ex-
piration of contracts are charged transient
rates for time actually published. Pay-
ment for transient advertisements must be
cash in advance. Contract advertisers will
not be allowed to occupy space at same
rates, or advertise anything foreign
to their regular business without extra
charge. Advertisements to occupy special
position will be charged for according to
placement desired.

TELEPHONE: Business Office, No. 51;
Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call
either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain
important news, or discuss briefly and
properly subjects of real interest, are not
wanted; and if acceptable in every other
way, they will invariably be rejected un-
less the real name of the author accompa-
nies the same, not necessarily for publica-
tion, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Tuesday, September 3, 1912.

A tart answer is pie for a politician
whose mouth is loaded.

Don't bet on a man's own game any
more than you would propose questions
to an eager rag chewer.

This is the first month with an
"R" in it and it is not necessary to
mention it in connection with "rsters."

There would be millions in it for
the man who will discover some way
to store Summer heat for distribu-
tion in Winter.

Owing to recent exposures, the in-
terests doubtless will be careful how
they get in the game and buy them
another election.

"I said in mine haste, all men are
liars." It isn't fair to judge all men
by the kind who got mixed up in the
Republican campaign fund in 1904.

A man who is on the defensive makes
a poor leader for a reform movement,
especially if he is mixed with too
many men over the simple matter
of who can lie out of it.

Roosevelt claims to be the father
of the pure food law, but Dr. Wiley
who is now campaigning for Woodrow
Wilson, declares that instead of pro-
moting that reform, the Third Term
destroyed it.

One dollar will help to elect Wood-
row Wilson. Send a dollar if you can-
not send more, and the Star will for-
ward it to the National Democratic
treasurer. It is needed now for cam-
paign expenses.

Some New York people have stolen
a bridge erected by the Standard Oil
Company for its own use. Between
getting knocked and having its leg
pulled the Standard has a hard time
looking out for itself.

Ormsby McHarg, who posed as the
champion of the Roosevelt contestants
in the Chicago convention, last week
came out flat-footed for Taft and the
Republican party. An attorney for
his client is not necessarily bound to
be his advocate.

The close of the cotton year, Sep-
tember 1st, makes a good showing for
Wilmington. The receipts at this port
were 559,666 bales, compared with
419,508 bales the previous season. This
shows an increase of close on to 35
per cent. Of Wilmington's cotton re-
ceipts, 502,825 bales were exported,
and local industries consumed 44,
454 bales.

When a city has fine advantages for
distributing to a large and growing
territory, it has the foundation for a
large growing. Atlanta took advan-
tage of its fine location as a distribut-
ing point, and added manufacturing
as another element of her develop-
ment. Atlanta availed herself of her
adaptabilities.

Flynn, the Bull Moose boss in
Philadelphia, has closed a deal with
the Republicans by which he lets Taft
electors have the right of way while
he gets the State ticket for his share.
That is where Flynn played a hand
which brought in something for him,
and nothing for the Third Term.
The Colonel will renew his opinion
of bosses, even of the Bull Moose
variety.

Some people are disposed to criti-
cize primary elections because of the
disgraceful one held in South Caro-
lina. It must be remembered that a
"soap box" primary is not to be men-
tioned in the same class with a legal-
ized primary, held under laws that
will land ballot box stuffers and trick-
sters in jail. There can be no ob-
jection to a general election because
it can as easily be a fraud as a pri-
mary.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS.

At the request of and under authority of Robert Ewing chair-
man of the Press Contributions Bureau of the Democratic Na-
tional Committee, Fifth Avenue Building, New York, the Star will
be glad to receive, acknowledge and forward through the proper
channels any and all contributions to the Woodrow Wilson Cam-
paign Fund. These contributions will be either forwarded direct
or through Hon. Josephus Daniels, Raleigh, N. C., National Com-
mitteeman from North Carolina and acknowledged also through
the Raleigh News and Observer, through which agency Mr. H. C.
McQueen, of New Hanover, has already started the contributions
from this county with a donation of \$10. Other contributions will
be acknowledged from day to day in these columns and forward-
ed promptly without cost to the donor.

"No wonder that public men and political parties often put them-
selves under monetary obligations to wealthy men and 'the inter-
ests.'" The public at large knows that the battle is for their own
good, and yet often hesitates to lend any monetary assistance."

"Having nominated Governor Wilson, shall we leave him embarrass-
ed for necessary campaign funds? And if people at large won't
subscribe to pay his campaign expenses (a contest made for them)
shall they go unpaid? Or if paid, shall they be paid by rich men,
who would at least think they had a claim on the president if
he were elected?"

"The large use of money by a few rich men or by corporations is
the curse of our politics."

AS VERMONT GOES TODAY.

The State of Vermont will fire the
first ballot gun of the campaign today.
The State election takes place, and
it has been said that Vermont is the
barometer of National elections. It
is hopelessly Republican, but the
tradition is that when the Republican
majority goes over 25,000 the Nation
will go Republican, but when it falls
to 20,000 or lower the Democrats will
elect a President and sweep the country.
Evidently Vermont, heretofore,
has not been doing much as an election
indicator—for in 52 years the
Democrats have elected a President
only twice. The late Grover Cleve-
land was elected both times and he
has been the only Democratic Presi-
dent since Lincoln was elected in 1860.

Politics are considerably mixed in
Vermont at this time, however, and
we doubt whether she will have any
barometric influence on the National
contest, for there are three State
tickets in the field today. The Re-
publicans, the Democrats and Bull
Moosers have tickets, and it is be-
lieved that the Roosevelt party will
even lead the Republicans, while it
is confidently expected that the Dem-
ocrats will sweep the State, in view
of both local and National conditions
and especially as the Roosevelt party
will divide the Republican vote.

During the past week Vermont has
witnessed the most strenuous cam-
paigning her people have ever wit-
nessed. The Bull Moose himself
canvassed the State by automobile
tours and has preached his "confes-
sion of faith" all over the State. The
Republicans also have been earnest-
ly at work, while the Democrats
have made a red hot campaign. The
National Democratic committee has
sent able campaigners all over the
State, while the Democratic nominee
for Governor and the Vermont State
committee have made an exceedingly
aggressive campaign.

The Hon. Harland B. Howe, the
Democratic nominee for Governor, has
made a snake-walking campaign, and
the late dispatches from Montpelier,
the State capital, declare that the
vote today depends altogether on the
number of Vermonters who hear his
exposition of the tax fraud in Ver-
mont. As usual special interests have
been favored by Vermont Republican
administrations and the aggressive
Democratic nominee has been showing
that, while the wealthy class has had
the benefit from taxing the people
for their enrichment, they have evad-
ed taxes and put the burden on the
farmers.

Day after day and night after night
they have heard candidates pour hot
shot into the Republicans, and it is
said that men have been passing for-
ward out of the rally audiences to de-
clare that they have been converted
from Republicanism "for once any-
way," and are going to vote the Dem-
ocratic ticket. Mr. Howe has not
talked Woodrow Wilson. He has not
mentioned William Howard Taft. He
has given no time to Theodore Rose-
velt. He has discussed Vermont af-
fairs alone, but, to show the anti-
Democratic sentiment of the press,
not a paper in the State has printed
his speech in full. There is a good
reason for this, because the Democratic
candidate for Governor has been pro-
ving that under Republicanism tax-
ation is unequal, and as in other things,
the interests do not bear their just
proportion of the public burden. He
has shown that in taxation the rail-
roads, the telegraph and telephone
companies, not to mention the banks,
have everything their own way, while
the farmers pay the freight. Vermont
is decidedly an agricultural State and
the farmers have had their eyes open-
ed. The Democrats promise a more
equable taxing system and tax lists
are shown to convince the farmers
that they have been discriminated
against. Among other things, it is
shown that, while the farmers pay a
tax of \$16.73 on the \$1,000, the
railroads pay only \$1.00, and at the
same time the bookkeeping is left to
the railroads, while the property of
the farmers is assessed. It was shown
that the taxes paid to Vermont by
the Western Union Telegraph Com-

pany amounted to only \$1,656.25 this
year.

Worse than all, Candidate Howe
has proved that the Republican nom-
inee for Governor, Allen M. Fletcher,
is a millionaire tax dodger. The tax
assessors on several occasions have
had to "find" Mr. Fletcher's property
so it could be properly assessed, and
although he is known to be a multi-
millionaire, his tax, after having been
doubled by the listers, amounted to
only \$331.50 this year. Fletcher has
been followed up with the record from
the tax books showing that he is a
persistent and successful tax dodger.

Most anybody will admit that Ver-
mont ought to go Democratic today on
the tax question, not to mention Na-
tional issues at all.

HANDICAPS OF COMMERCE.

The time is rapidly approaching
when there will be strong competition
between all the ports of this country.
The opening of the Panama canal will
accentuate that kind of commercial
competition at the South Atlantic
ports. We will warrant that there will
be big business for all of them but
the port which will have the best har-
bor terminals and the best handicaps
on commerce will be the ports that
will do the business.

If the cost of doing commerce varies
greatly at our ports, it stands to reason
that the port which taxes commerce
the least will get the ships if it has
modern terminals to handle them. We
have port problems to handle, and tak-
ing Wilmington as an example, it can
be said that while a \$65,000,000
foreign and coastwise commerce is a
huge factor in the prosperity and im-
portance of Wilmington, we have
no harbor commission or body to
make a special study of harbor prob-
lems, navigation matters and com-
mercial possibilities. The port, in a
sense, looks out for itself, except as
to the government improvements and
the routine work of the commission-
ers of navigation and pilotage. We will
guarantee that, with a commission
having in hand the business of pro-
moting the efficiency of the port and
harbor, and making a study of the com-
mercial potentialities and possibilities
at the port of Wilmington, we would
witness a boom for the great land-locked
harbor extending from Wilming-
ton to Southampton.

Naturally, no harbor in the whole of
America has such an advantage as
that afforded for us by Brunswick
Bay, extending from Wilmington out
to sea. Not only does this great
waterway extend from port to port,
but its usefulness and importance is
magnified by the fact that a railroad
runs 28 miles along the West side of
the bay from Wilmington to South-
port, in easy reach of any portion of
the entire 28 miles of water front. We
are satisfied that the time is not far
distant when a trolley line will extend
down the east side of the bay as far
as Carolina Beach and Port Fisher.
Railway lines extending along both
sides of the bay, and six railroads
for distribution in and out of Wilming-
ton would make this the most ideal
port on the Atlantic. We little dream
what we could make out of Wilmington
and Southport till we make a special
and intelligent study of the possibil-
ities with a view to realizing largely
upon them.

We should remove any handicap
that exists at this port. High port
charges, including towage, docking,
wharfage, commissions, etc., will place
us at a disadvantage if they do not
compare favorably with the expense
of doing commerce at other ports. We
don't say that they are too high, for
we do not know, but a port commis-
sion should get in close touch with
such matters as a part of its work.
We are glad we do not have to come
into competition as a port with Free-
port, at the mouth of the Brazo River,
Texas. As its name implies, it is a
free port, with no wharfage charges
whatsoever. Expensive piers, ter-
minals and warehouses have been put
in, and Freeport certainly will make
Galveston and Texas City sit up and
take notice. The Manufacturers' Re-
cord contributes these interesting
remarks on this subject:

"Who knows anything about the
two ports of Southport-Wilmington
and their harbor that is skirted by a
railroad for a distance of 25 miles?

Who knows what can be done to de-
velop commerce here unless special
and intelligent work is done in that
connection?"

JUDGE WALTER CLARK

It was a pleasure for Wilmington to
have as its guest yesterday the distin-
guished chief justice of the North
Carolina Supreme Court, the Hon.
Walter Clark, of Raleigh. While Judge
Clark's visit was in the nature of a
personal one in the interest of his
candidate for the United States Sen-
ate, it was nevertheless a pleasure to
greet and entertain one who occupies
the highest judicial position in the gift
of the people of his State, which po-
sition he has occupied since 1902. Be-
fore being promoted to chief justice he
served for 13 years as Associate
Justice. His learned decisions on all
questions affecting the public have
given him a warm place in the hearts
of the people and especially in the
hearts of the great mass of laboring
men to whom his appeal on yesterday
was especially directed.

Judge Clark's contribution to legal
literature has been notable and he is
perhaps better known outside the
State in this regard than he is in his
own State. His most noted works are
perhaps his treatises on procedure and
practice. A soldier in the Civil War,
he is a man who through adversity
has become great and it is a pleasure
to have had him a guest of Wilming-
ton and to have heard him in his per-
fectly laudable ambition to represent
his people in the "greatest deliberative
body on earth."

After Congress adjourned it was
discovered that President Taft vetoed
13 bills. It seems impossible for the
President to steer clear of an ever
present hoodoo.

Young men are largely at the front
in Wilmington. With one or two ex-
ceptions all the city's bankers, real
estate men and boosters are young
men. Take note of the present activi-
ties in Wilmington, and in them you
will see the hand of young men, many
of them quite young. This shows
that Wilmington is a good place for
young men, while the fine progress be-
ing made by the city indicates what
young men can do when they avail
themselves of their opportunities. The
biggest opportunities for young men
to be found in America exist in Wil-
mington and other cities of the South.
In the South the field is broad and
the opportunities are limited only by
the intelligence and the enterprise to
see and grasp them.

The commercial agencies, financial
journals and business papers report
glowing prospects for business in spite
of a Presidential campaign. The two
handicaps are scarcity of labor and
a car shortage. The scarcity of labor
in the South is caused by the great
activity in railroad building, construc-
tion work, and industrial activity.
This restricts the supply of farm
labor, and as the same can be said
of all sections of the country, the one
comforting assurance is that it will
make prices good for farm products.
Prosperous farmers make the whole
country prosperous. Please note that
the bumper crops of this country are
the basis of the glowing forecasts of
trade. The varied agricultural re-
sources of the South make farming
an attractive proposition in the Na-
tion's Garden Spot, especially around
Wilmington.

CURRENT COMMENT.

When Collier's Weekly defended a
negro slanderer of the white woman-
hood of the State, that paper drew
upon itself a shower of execration
from all parts of North Carolina. Now
that Collier's is engaged in slandering
a North Carolina Senator, some news-
papers in this State that were once de-
nouncing Collier's will be found slob-
bering over it.—Charlotte Observer.

A few years ago the negro editor,
Manly, published in his paper a slan-
der so outrageous on the white women
of Wilmington, what has become
known as "the Wilmington Revolu-
tion" resulted, and Manly was driven
from the city and the State. Follow-
ing the incident Collier's Weekly
published an article in defense of the
negro editor, intimating that there was
some truth in what he had written.
This publication in Collier's aroused
much indignation in the State, and
that paper was excluded from the
reading rooms of the clubs and hotels,
as well as from many homes in North
Carolina. Now, this same Collier's
Weekly is warring the people of
North Carolina that Senator Simmons
is a "nigger" to Governor Wilson. Of
course the Kitchen papers are gleeful-
ly giving circulation to this attack by
Collier's on the Senior Senator from
North Carolina. Some of these same
papers that most rabidly assailed Col-
lier's for its defense of the negro, now
appear to be among the warmest ad-
mirers of that South-hating sheet. Col-
lier's has not yet cleared its skirts of
its slander against Georgia people,
when it undertakes to throw more
slime at the people of North Carolina.
—Charlotte Observer.

BANKS AND FARMERS

President of South Carolina Union
Writes of Cotton Holding
Mayesville, S. C., Aug. 30th, 1912.
Editor Star:—Commissioner Wat-
son and the Farmers' Union have called
upon the farmers, merchants and
bankers to meet next Monday, Labor
Day, to reach a definite plan of mar-
keting this cotton crop. I would call
special attention to the enclosed let-
ter from the president of the Bank of
Greenwood. This bank secured a half
million dollars last year, and arranged
for a million more if needed. The
many farmers who availed themselves
of this money know that it paid them,

and the business of that bank and of
the entire country adjacent to Green-
wood felt the effect of the increased
volume of money that this holding
move put into circulation, especially in
the Spring months of the year. All
the banks where there was a general
holding movement showed larger de-
posits last Spring than ever before.
Merchants did a better cash business.
The holding farmers were in better
condition and in better spirit than
their brother farmers who sold at any
old price cotton would bring.

With these facts so fresh in our
minds, with the cotton goods trade on
the biggest boom in its history just
thirty days ago when cotton was steady-
ly advancing, with the hungry cotton
world absorbing and digesting seven-
teen million bales of American cot-
ton, so that the close of this cotton
year today will show only enough cot-
ton to keep the spindles busy until the
new crop is dried out, are our peo-
ple going to let a set of financial pi-
rates destroy a hundred million dol-
lars of value? Money they have earned
through rain and storm, "crystal-
lized sweat of the poor man," as
one cotton buyer once put it. Will
they rush madly on the market with
this crop with last year's object les-
son before them? Will our merchants
and bankers aid and abet them in
such a suicidal policy for the sake of
early collections? Or rather will they
not join hands in one grand brother-
hood of patriots, and say to the farm-
ers, "We are with you to a man to
secure for you a just reward for your
labors. Your prosperity and our pros-
perity, and the prosperity of our coun-
try are so interwoven in the fabric
of our industrial and social life that
when we stand with you, we stand for
the best interests of us all." Are the
merchants and bankers men of broad
enough vision to see this? And will
they publicly come out and say so?
Will the farmers recognize their re-
sponsibility in this matter?

In closing let me commend to your
thoughtful consideration the closing
sentence in Mr. Durst's letter: "If
the banks and farmers will co-operate
along these lines throughout the cot-
ton belt, the results will be most pleas-
ing." I would like to hear from other
banks along the same line.

E. W. DABBS,
President S. C. State Farmers' Union.
Greenwood, S. C., Aug. 22.
Mr. E. W. Dabbs, President S. C.
State Farmers' Union, Mayesville,
South Carolina.

Dear Sir:—Replying to yours of the
21st instant. When cotton declined
to nine cents last year, our bank
came out and offered to take care of
every bale in Greenwood county, lend-
ing the farmers 89 per cent of the mar-
ket value thereof at six per cent. It
is needless to say that a great many
farmers took advantage of this offer,
and we saved our friends many thou-
sands of dollars, as a much higher level
of values obtained a few months later.
If the price of cotton is unduly de-
pressed again this year, we think we
will offer our farmer friends the same
opportunity to hold their cotton off the
market. If the banks and farmers
will co-operate along these lines
throughout the cotton belt, the results
will be most pleasing. Wishing you
much success, we are

Yours very truly,
J. K. DURST,
President Bank of Greenwood.

Freckled Girls

It is an absolute fact, that one 50 cent
jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM
will either remove your freckles or cause
them to fade and that two jars will even
in the most severe cases completely cure
them. We are willing to personally
guarantee this and to return your money
without argument if your complexion is
not fully restored to its natural beauty.
WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is fine,
fragrant and absolutely harmless. Will
not make hair grow but will positively
remove TAN, PIMPLES and FRECK-
LES. Come in today and try it. The jars
are large and results absolutely certain.
Sent by mail if desired. Price 50c.
Mammoth jars \$1.00. WILSON'S FAIR
SKIN SOAP 25c. For sale by
J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

TONIGHT.

50c. and \$1.00.

MR. FRANK THOMPSON PRESENTS
DENMAN THOMPSON'S
THE OLD SEASON
HOMESTEAD
AMERICA'S GREATEST SUCCESS
WITH ORIGINAL CAST OF FAVORITES.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received
until Tuesday, September 10th, 4 P.
M., at the office of the Councilman
in charge of Public Safety for fur-
nishing fifty to seventy-five winter
uniforms for the Police and Fire De-
partments of the City of Wilmington.
Samples (half-yard) of eighteen ounce
Oswego Serge must be submitted with
proposals. Specifications and all
necessary information as to style and
make up will be furnished upon ap-
plication to the Councilman.

Bernice C. Moore,
Councilman in charge of Public
Safety. 2 w.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

The undersigned will, on the 28th day
of September, 1912, apply to the Governor
for the pardon of John H. Robinson, who
was sentenced to three and one-half years
to the penitentiary at New Hanover County,
at January term, 1912, having been convicted
of forgery.

All persons are hereby notified to for-
ward their objections to the Governor on
or before the 28th day of September, 1912,
next law day.

SARAH ROBINSON.

WE WILL MAIL YOU \$1
for each set of old False Teeth sent
us. Highest prices paid for old Gold,
Silver, old Watches, Broken Jewelry
and "Junk" of all kinds.

MONEY SENT BY RETURN MAIL.
Phila. Smelting & Refining Company.
ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS.
803 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
TO DENTISTS:
We will buy your Gold Fillings, Gold
Crowns and Plates at highest prices
paid.

Dear Sir—To have a
business of your own some-
-day bank your money now.



Respectfully Yours
Our Bank

Have a business of your own some day, so that you may
enjoy a comfortable old age; there is one way to do it: Bank
your money now. Let your account grow; then, some day,
you will be prepared to take A GOOD BUSINESS CHANCE,
or to invest your money in a paying business. The man who
has a business of his own first banked his money and then
helped to make his bank account GROW.

Do YOUR banking with US.

We pay 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK.

September 3rd

Our New Interest Quarter begins Sept.
1st. Deposits made on or before the
above date, Sept. 3rd, will draw interest
from Sept. 1st.

Home Savings Bank

115 North Front St. (Orton Building)

New Gingham!

We are showing a Beautiful Collection of Patterns in
Toile du Nord, Bates' and 32-in. Gingham.

The Best Wash Fabric for School Dresses.

A. D. BROWN

AGENT FOR



ANNOUNCEMENT

THE FIDELITY TRUST AND DEVELOPMENT
COMPANY takes pleasure in announcing that
it has succeeded to the Wilmington general
agency of THE JEFFERSON STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COM-
PANY, of Raleigh, N. C., heretofore operated by Robt. H. Gwaltney.

The Security Life and Annuity Insurance Company and the Greens-
boro Life Insurance Company, both of Greensboro, N. C., were recently
consolidated with THE JEFFERSON STANDARD LIFE, and it is now
one of the largest companies in the South—and especially "A North
Carolina Company for North Carolina People." It has upwards of \$40,-
000,000 of insurance in force, of which \$400,000 is in Wilmington and
vicinity.

Among the representative business men of North Carolina who are
members of the Board of Directors of THE JEFFERSON STANDARD
LIFE are H. C. McQueen and Col. WALKER TAYLOR, of Wilmington.

THE FIDELITY TRUST AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY also
announces that it has secured the services of Mr. R. S. MOTTE, of At-
lanta, Ga., as manager of our insurance department. Mr. Motte comes to
us with a splendid record as a business producer and agency director,
and we commend him to all who may be interested in any of the vari-
ous lines of insurance handled by this company.

THE FIDELITY TRUST AND DEVELOPMENT CO.

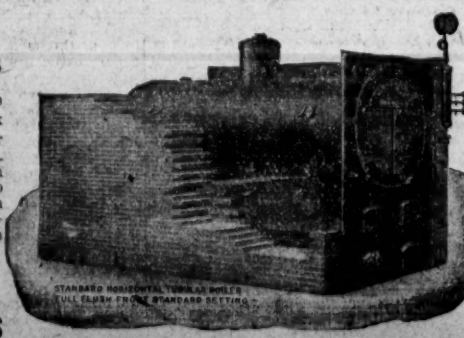
Phone 312.

14 Princess Street.

Boilers & Engines

We have the
stock for quick
shipments on our
machinery yards.
Prices lower than
ever. It pays to
deal direct with
us on all machin-
ery and iron
goods.

Wilmington
Iron Works



LABOR DAY WAS OBSERVED

Business Practically at Standstill in Wilmington Yesterday — The Beaches Drew Thousands of People

Labor Day was more generally observed in Wilmington yesterday than in a number of years, business being practically at a standstill, especially in the afternoon, and the people flocked to Wrightsville and Carolina beaches to witness the athletic events arranged for both resorts, and to enjoy the surf bathing and other forms of amusement and recreation offered. It was the hope of the crowds that by going to the beaches they would escape the oppressive heat that was so manifest in the city, but they found but little relief as there was almost a dead calm at both beaches.

However, notwithstanding the heat, the day was most pleasantly spent by those who had been given a brief respite from their daily labors, whether they went to Wrightsville Beach or Carolina Beach, and they will return to their work with a morning better fitted for their tasks as a result of the outing. At Wrightsville Beach there was a yacht race in the morning, athletic and aquatic events and fireworks in the afternoon and fireworks again in the evening, while there was music and dancing all day and athletic events at Carolina Beach, where the labor unions of the city held their celebration. The steamer Wilmington was crowded on each of its three trips to the pier and return. The last boat reached the city last night about 11 o'clock.

It is estimated that the crowd at Luma yesterday afternoon reached the 3,000 mark, which is a record-breaker for the Labor Day attendance at the pavilion, while again last night the crowd was large. The various athletic events during the afternoon were hotly contested and proved of great interest to the spectators. The water events were especially interesting on account of the calm sea. The events and the prize winners follow:

100-yard dash (under 110 pounds) first, W. McIntyre; second, I. Silverman; third, F. Boykin.

100-yard dash (110 pounds and under 125) first, B. Williams; second, W. Hashagen; third, Geo. Bragman.

100-yard dash (125 pounds and over) first, George Clark; second, D. Hammett; third, G. S. Hashagen.

Rope climb, open to all (18 feet), first, J. H. Northey; second, L. Merriam; third, J. W. King.

Egg race (under 50 pounds) first, B. Morrison; second, N. Jacobs; third, W. McIntyre.

Egg race (110 pounds and over) first, I. Grainger; second, M. Grant; third, W. Smith.

Running broad jump (under 110 pounds) first, B. Morrison; second, N. Jacobs; third, W. McIntyre.

Running broad jump (110 pounds and over) first, G. L. Hashagen; second, W. Hashagen; third, M. LeMoine.

Girls' flag race (open to all first, Miss Laura Parsley; second, Miss E. Powers; third, Miss G. Williams).

Centipede race (open to men to the team) first, Grainger, Clark, Lord and Taylor.

Canoe race (open to all) first, Irving Corbett and G. Clark; second, R. Davis and W. Lord; third, J. Murchison and G. Kidder.

Weight lift (open to all) first, Wood; second, M. LeMoine; third, L. Bardon.

Swimming race (open to all) first, R. Davis; second, R. Williams; third, K. Davis.

The canoe race was the final one in a series of four for two handsome cups. Irving Corbett and Geo. Clark were the winners of the trophy, the former receiving 24 points and the latter 17 points. The cups were presented immediately after the swimming race. This was followed by an exhibition of day fireworks, which proved very interesting, especially to the children in the pavilion.

The officials for the events were: Marshal, J. B. Huntington, secretary of the Y. M. C. A.; referee, Bennett Dunn; Judges, H. S. Shaw, J. U. King, M. Burnett; scorer, F. P. Duls; clerk, J. B. Woolsey; line men, W. Smith and J. Nisette.

R. F. D. CARRIERS.

Semi-Annual Meeting Held in Wilmington Yesterday Morning.

The Rural Letter Carriers' Association of the Eastern North Carolina District, held its semi-annual meeting in the Junior Order hall, on Market street, yesterday morning with President R. F. Gore, of New Hanover county presiding. Mr. J. W. Russ acted as secretary and kept a record of the proceedings. There were only a small attendance, as there was very little business of importance to be transacted.

President Gore, who was a delegate to the State convention at Asheville a few months ago, made his report, which was received with interest by the carriers. It was largely through his efforts that the convention was secured for Wilmington next July. Mr. J. H. Fussell, of Rose Hill, introduced a resolution thanking Senator Simmons for his interest in the rural letter carriers. The resolution was adopted as was another thanking the Junior Order for the use of the hall. The annual meeting of the association will be held at Warsaw six months from now. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected at that time.

For Cargo Cross-Ties.

The barge Clinton, of the Luckenbach fleet, of New York, arrived yesterday to carry perhaps the largest cargo of cross-ties ever shipped from the port. The barge is 288 feet long, and has a carrying capacity of 4,500 tons, and is expected to carry between 4,000 and 5,000 ties, which will be consigned by Messrs. G. T. and W. J. Flynn, of this city.

TO RESTORE APPETITE

Take Harnford's Acid Phosphate. Especially recommended for restoration of appetite, strength and vitality. Try it.

"The Little Wanderer." Kalem story of a waif, a wealthy squire and a burglar that was acted at The Grand Theatre today. **

A CONGESTION OF MAIL

Busy Times at Wilmington Postoffice After Sunday Midnight

The ill-timed "no Sunday mail" law, which was sneaked through the late session of Congress during the closing hours, worked no more severe hardship upon the public in Wilmington Sunday than it did upon the attaches of the local postoffice. Heavy receipts of mail by the Seaboard, the Atlantic Coast Line from both the north and south, arriving just a little after Saturday midnight, combined with the regular mail received during the day Sunday, to bring about one of the largest congestions of mail that the Wilmington office has ever experienced, and as the result of this, the night force literally had to turn out soon after the clock struck 12 Sunday night and work with a might to distribute the accumulation in time for the carriers to go out on their regular deliveries yesterday morning. The regular force Sunday started the mail as usual, but nothing was placed in the boxes. Postmaster Wallace had no alternative than to follow the lot of the latest instructions sent out from the Department and as consequence Sunday was an extremely quiet day in postoffice circles, only the mail of the newspapers, newsdealers and hotel guests having been handled, the remainder being stacked up in the office to await distribution.

"It is believed that before another Sunday some relief will be afforded, at least one postmaster under the broad latitude allowed, having continued to serve his patrons as usual even last Sunday. This was Postmaster Allan, of Richmond, Va. The Times-Dispatch of yesterday, in speaking of the effect of the law in Richmond, says:

"As far as Richmond was concerned, the Sunday blue law passed by the last Congress and later modified by Postmaster General Hitchcock, was little more than a troubled spirit that oppressed the deep. Traps at the hotels received their mail as usual, newspapers received their country correspondence as promptly as ever, and holders of local boxes found their usual quota of letters, newspapers and bills."

"Without undertaking to reconcile the service at the local office with the general Sunday closing order issued by the Department, which, at best, is an extremely uncertain and inconsistent affair, Postmaster Allan took the stand that the order was flexible enough to permit of the construction which he placed upon it. This was the clause granting each postmaster the right, within certain latitudes, to arrange his Sunday work in a manner best suited to the expeditious handling of the mails, left room for continuing the Sunday policy which has been in operation at the local postoffice for many years."

The Richmond office was the second in the country to reduce to a minimum its Sunday work, and had for some time discontinued the practice of making deliveries on the Sabbath through the general delivery and carrier windows. A number of offices in the United States still maintain this service, but were compelled to discontinue it yesterday."

MRS. D. N. STANLEY DEAD.

Passed Away at State Hospital in Raleigh Sunday Night.

Mrs. D. N. Stanley, of Wilmington, died at the State Hospital in Raleigh Sunday night, following an illness of some time. The body was brought to the city on a late train last night and taken to the home of Mr. Coy Hewitt, a relative by marriage, at No. 312 North Ninth Street. Funeral arrangements had not been made last night, as the hour of the service will depend upon what time relatives from Calabash, N. C., will arrive.

Mrs. Stanley was 43 years old and is survived by her husband and 14-year-old daughter, Miss Vera Stanley, who will have the sympathy of many friends. Mrs. Stanley had been in declining health for some months and was at the James Walker Memorial Hospital for treatment for some time before being taken to Raleigh. Relatives here were notified last Thursday that she was gradually sinking and that the end was near. Besides her husband and daughter, Mrs. Stanley is survived by her father, three brothers and three sisters, who live at Calabash. They were notified yesterday morning of her death and are expected today.

Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., counsel for Mr. Stanley, expected to see Governor Kitchen here last night upon his return from Whiteville, N. C., in an effort to get permission for the husband to attend the funeral.

ALEXANDER SPRUNT AND SON.

Admission of Son and Two Grandsons to Firm Established in 1866.

Of pleasurable interest to their many friends and to the friends and patrons of the firm is the announcement made yesterday that on and after the first of September 1912, Mr. Thomas Edward Sprunt, Mr. Walter Payne Sprunt and Mr. James Laurence Sprunt will have an interest in the Wilmington firm of Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Mr. T. E. Sprunt is a son of the founder of the business, the lamented Mr. Alexander Sprunt, who established the firm in 1866 and which has been continued since the death of the founder by two other sons, Mr. James Sprunt, British vice consul at the Port of Wilmington, and Mr. William H. Sprunt. Mr. Walter Payne Sprunt is a son of Mr. William H. Sprunt and Mr. J. Laurence Sprunt, a son of the senior member of the firm. Mr. James Sprunt. All have been associated with the house since the completion of their education and their admission to the firm is not only fitting but a source of pleasure to their friends and the trade generally. The firm is the largest individual firm of cotton exporters in the world.

The Men Who Succeed

as heads of large enterprises are men of great energy. Success, today, demands health. To all is to fail. It's utterly folly for a man to endure a weak, run-down, half-alive condition when Electric Bitters will put him right on his feet in short order. "Four bottles did me more real good than any other medicine I ever took," writes Chas. B. Allen, Sylvania, Ga. "After years of suffering with rheumatism, liver trouble, stomach disorders, and deranged kidneys, I am again, thanks to Electric Bitters, sound and well." Try them. Only 50 cents at R. R. Bellamy's.

A PECULIAR CASE

Officers Went to Find One Thing and Located Another

A peculiar case developed Sunday afternoon when police officers, armed with a search warrant, went to the home of Chas. Hankins, colored, at 607 Harnett street, to look for several revolvers believed to have been stolen from Peck & Holloway, the hardware merchants, and found instead what is estimated to be about \$100 or more in fine dress goods, not made up. Connie McGee, a colored woman living there, was arrested on a charge of vagrancy and the goods were taken charge of by officers, as they believe them to have been stolen. Hankins was also arrested on a charge of vagrancy. On his person was found a pawn ticket, showing that he had recently pawned a revolver at Finkelstein's pawn shop, for the sum of \$6.

Officers D. W. Coleman, Leon George, G. W. Bullard and J. R. Minshue made the search with a warrant issued upon information and belief of Hall Officer Joe Lane, it being suspected that Hankins had one or more of the revolvers stolen when Peck & Holloway's store was entered a few nights ago. They did not find the revolvers, but did find several bolts of silk dress goods, one 11 yards, one 11 1/2 and one 15 yards in length, as well as several other pieces of dress goods of different materials. They also found a fur coat, a fur muff and a rather stylish hat. The McGee woman stated that most of the stuff belonged to her, and that the dress goods had been sent to her by her husband, who lives in Norfolk. She said that part of the dress goods belonged to another negro woman.

The officers were inclined to believe that her story was more a matter of convenience than truth, and they arrested her on a charge of vagrancy to be held pending an investigation. Hankins was also held. The pawnshop from which he held the ticket was closed yesterday on account of Labor Day, but the officers will go there this morning and have a look at the gun pawned by the negro.

"HOTTEST OF THE YEAR"

Sustained Heat Record of 96 Degrees Past Two Days Here

Not exceeding the record of the summer—96 degrees on June 17th—but decidedly the hottest of the hottest on account of the extreme humidity of the atmosphere, yesterday and the day before will go down in history as perhaps the warmest September days in the recollection of the oldest inhabitant or according to the reckoning of the local Weather Bureau for that matter.

Sunday, with hardly a breath of air stirring, the maximum of 96 degrees was reached about 2 o'clock in the afternoon and this was pretty nearly the mean for the day. Night came with some relief in a light breeze and the sweltering populace tossed upon an "easy" pillow hoping for better things that did come yesterday, for the maximum reading was exactly the same and there was little, if any, improvement in the humidity. Hundreds of people sought the beaches, but these afforded little relief as the breeze was almost nil and sand, flies, and mosquitoes upon occasion contributed their share to the general discomfort. The official record at the Weather Bureau for the 24 hours ending at 5 o'clock last night was as follows: 8 A. M., 79 degrees; 8 P. M., 87 degrees; maximum 96 degrees; minimum, 76 degrees; mean, 86 degrees. Better things are hoped, prayed for, expected today.

In this connection the following dispatch sent out on Sunday will be read with interest:

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1.—The hot weather which has prevailed over the South Atlantic States for several days today succeeded in breaking several records. In this city the temperature reached 96, the highest of the year. At Columbia and Charleston, S. C., the reading was 95.3 and 100, respectively, the hottest September 1st in 25 years. Tampa, Fla., claimed to be the coolest city in the Southeast, the thermometer standing at 95, or one degree of the record.

Home Entered by Burglar

Report has been made to the police that the home of Mr. W. M. Hayes, 122 South Eighth street, was entered by a burglar last Friday night, and that the intruder secured several pieces of jewelry, as well as about \$8 in money. The house was entered from the rear and no one was aroused by the burglar, the robbery not being discovered until next morning. The officers are working on the case.

STEAMER WILMINGTON SCHEDULE.

Until further notice, the steamer Wilmington will leave Wilmington daily for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9:30 A. M. Leaving Southport at 2:30 P. M. and leaving Carolina Beach at 3:30 P. M.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES.

Drought Causes Death of Horses in Western Kansas.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 2.—Active Secretary of Agriculture Willett M. Hays gives out the results of the Department's investigation into the cause of the disease which has proved so fatal to horses in Western Kansas.

The trouble is a form of forage poisoning, due to drought and to short feed in pastures. The disease is not contagious, and no effort to stamp it out will be necessary, as many horses recover when removed from dried pastures to feed lots with abundant supplies of green alfalfa or other green feed.

The Department will continue the investigation of the conditions, and desires information as to all localities where the disease exists or may put in its appearance.

WRITES LABOR SPEECH

Wilson Completes Address to Be Delivered at Buffalo, N. Y.

See Girl, N. J., Aug. 31.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson tonight wrote the speech on labor questions which he is to deliver Monday at Buffalo, N. Y., at a meeting to be held by the United Trades and Labor Council.

The Governor and Mrs. Wilson will go to Hoboken, N. J., tomorrow to attend the funeral of Col. Archibald Alexander, his personal aide, who died of typhoid fever yesterday. Gov. Wilson will leave New York at 11:35 o'clock Sunday night, arriving in Buffalo Monday morning.

MRS. WINE HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Get Beyond Her Depth While Bathing at Wrightsville Beach

Mrs. Wm. E. Wine, of this city, had a narrow escape from drowning yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock, when she got beyond her depth while surf bathing at Wrightsville Beach at a point about midway between the Oceanic Hotel and the Hanover Inn. Fortunately, assistance was near and she was taken to the beach in time for resuscitative measures to be availing, and last night she was reported as having practically recovered and that it was expected she would suffer no ill-effects from the harrowing experience.

With Mr. Wine and a number of others she went in the surf from Mrs. J. A. Fountain's cottage, where she has spent most of the summer. Mrs. Wine was being "floated" when she asked to be turned loose as she wanted to see how she would get along by herself. She can swim some. She was left by herself only a few minutes when her calls for help attracted the attention of the party as well as the large number of bathers in the surf at the Oceanic Hotel. Having floated out a short distance from the point where she had been left, she found herself in a hole beyond her depth when she went to stand in the water again. She became frightened and went down one or two times before assistance could reach her. Mr. J. A. Fountain was nearest to her and he went to her side as rapidly as possible. Mr. P. P. Pilon reached her a few seconds later. They started to the beach with her. However, their progress was necessarily slow, and Mr. Freeman Yopp, the life saver at the Oceanic Hotel, went to their assistance with a line. It was seen that although Mrs. Wine had had a narrow escape life was not extinct. She was taken to the ladies' bath house at the Oceanic Hotel, where she was given attention and a short time later was taken to the Fountain cottage, where she was seen by Dr. Thos. M. Green, who stated that all that was necessary had been done for her and that she would be all right in a short time.

FISHING IS FINE.

Great Catches Are Being Made—Record Drum Caught.

Indications are that fishing this Fall, both for sport and market, will be unusually good. The Fall run has already started and in a few weeks now the season will be on its full blast. Last Thursday night off Carolina Beach G. W. Green and A. L. Freeman, two fishermen, caught 200 barrels of fine mullets at one haul. The fish run about 115 to the barrel, and it will be seen that there were over 90,000 in the catch. Their weight was about 2,000 pounds. The catch is one of the largest in many years. Mr. W. H. Yopp, a local packer, bought the entire lot.

Yesterday morning Geo. R. Smith, a fisherman of Middle Sound, made a haul off Foy beach, taking 460 fine Spanish mackerel. This catch is considered remarkable, for while it is not unusual to land a few Spanish mackerel in a seine, seldom if ever has such a large number been taken at one haul. The fish, ranging from 16 to 22 inches in length, they were sold to Mr. R. C. Ferguson, a local dealer.

What is said to be the record drum, or channel bass, of the season, was landed at Queen inlet last Saturday evening by Mr. Paul L. Cantwell. The fish weighed exactly 43 1/2 pounds, and was caught on a regulation tackle. Mr. Cantwell had the fish photographed and its measurements and weight attested by a notary public. He will enter it in Field & Stream's fishing contest, and hopes to take first prize offered for the largest channel bass.

It will be remembered that the three first prizes in a similar contest last year were taken by local sportsmen, with drum caught at Topsail. The largest last year weighed a trifle less than the monster landed Saturday by Mr. Cantwell.

MARRIED IN SAVANNAH.

Wilmington Girl Bride of Savannah Steel Contractor.

Many friends here and elsewhere in the State will be pleasantly surprised to learn of the marriage of Miss Lillian Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Jones, of this city, and Mr. S. B. Williams, formerly of Newbern, but now of Savannah, which was celebrated in the latter city Sunday evening by a Methodist minister. The information was contained in a telegram received here by the bride's parents Sunday evening.

Accompanied by M. W. Lush, Esq., a cousin of the bride, Miss Jones and Mr. Williams left this city Sunday morning for Savannah. The marriage was an elopement and even the bride's parents knew nothing of it until the telegram was received. It stated that Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Williams sent their love and that they were married by a Methodist minister of Savannah. The young people will make their home in the Georgia city.

Mr. Williams is a well known young steel contractor, formerly of Newbern, but who has made his home in Savannah for a number of months. His bride is a most charming young woman. Both have many friends here and in other points in the State, who will wish for them a happy and prosperous marriage life.

Labor Day Fishing Outing.

Complimentary to their employees, the Wilmington Iron Works yesterday gave a Labor Day fishing party off the Cape Fear bar in the tug Gladiator, Capt. W. A. Sanders. There were about 30 in the party and the day was spent at the black fish reefs, off the bar. Between 500 and 600 fine fish were caught, and a feature of the outing was a dinner served aboard the boat. The employees of the company deeply appreciate its thoughtfulness in furnishing them so delightful an outing on the National Labor holiday, and they are also grateful to Captain Sanders for his hospitality while on board the boat.

The annual Labor Day open race of the Carolina Yacht Club was sailed yesterday morning over the club course and was witnessed by a large crowd of interested spectators. Capt. E. A. Metts won the race in 1:49:19, with Capt. Donald Parsley second and Capt. O. A. Wiggins third. In the Class A boats Capt. P. W. Davis was first; Capt. J. S. Brown second, and Capt. W. M. Peck third. The judges were Messrs. J. R. Williams, Wadell Watters and Jas. T. Munds.

SPECIAL

All Deposits Made With Us
Tuesday, Sept. 3rd
Will Bear Interest from Sept. 1st.

"Safest for Savings."

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

Corner Front and Princess Sts.

The Big White Building.

September 3rd

DEPOSITS MADE HERE

Tuesday, Sept. 3rd

Will draw Interest from Sept. 1st. Our Regular INTEREST QUARTER will begin on that date. Get your Interest IN THREE MONTHS, by depositing HERE.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

110 PRINCESS STREET.

OLDEST, LARGEST, STRONGEST NORTH CAROLINA SAVINGS BANK

TO BUILD HERE.

Armour & Co., Will Erect Modern Building on Water Street Lot.

Mr. Greene Penley, local manager for Armour & Co., announced yesterday that the well known packing concern will begin the erection in the immediate future of a building for its local branch. The structure will be located on Water street, between Market and Dock, on the large lot recently purchased by the company. The contractor will arrive today from Columbia, S. C., and it is expected that ground will be broken in 10 days, and that the building will be ready for occupancy by January.

The new building will be two stories with basement, the walls of brick, the other parts of reinforced concrete, returning at an early hour this morning, it was conducted by Thos. H. Knight, the well known colored excursion manager, and consisted of 16

storage purposes, will be kept at a temperature of 40 degrees. On the first floor, which will be kept constantly at a temperature ranging from 33 to 35 degrees, there will be compartments for beef, lamb and other meats. The third floor will be used for storing butter, cheese, eggs, etc., and will also be kept well chilled. Each floor will be provided with two smoke rooms.

A WHOPPER EXCURSION.

Sixteen Coaches to Newbern Yesterday. Returning Early Today.

The largest excursion out of Wilmington this season was that yesterday to Newbern over the Atlantic Coast Line, leaving at 8 A. M., and returning at an early hour this morning. It was conducted by Thos. H. Knight, the well known colored excursion manager, and consisted of 16

coaches and refreshment cars. About 800 of the 1,400 people who took the trip were from Wilmington, and consisted of both white and colored. The trip over to Newbern was without incident and the best of order prevailed.

Held For His Grand Father.

James Jackson, a negro boy about 11 years of age, was brought to the police station yesterday by his grand father, Andrew Jackson, with the request that he be locked up for several days. The old man explained that the boy was becoming unmanageable and would run away from home and get into all kinds of mischief. He thought a few days in the city prison would have a beneficial effect on him. The officers accordingly gave the youngster a cell, where he will be kept for a day or so. The old man said he would look after feeding the boy.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

MID-SUMMER

Clearance Sale

Another week of Bargain giving in our Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department.

Ladies' Linen Suits at cut prices.

Ladies' white Corduroy Skirts at cut prices.

Ladies' Repp and Pongee Coats at cut prices.

Ladies' Foulard Dresses at cut prices.

Ladies' Pongee Dresses at cut prices.

Children's Wash Dresses for school just received.

Ladies' Blazier and Norfolk Coats just received.

Ladies' Wool Skirts, new Fall styles, Special Sale at \$5.00 each.

Ladies' Lingerie Waists at cut prices.

New Models in Ladies' Corsets just received.

We had a busy week in our Carpet Department. Were you one of those who purchased your floor covering at reduced prices? Another week of reduced prices in Carpets, Mattings, Art Squares, Rugs, Window Shades, Lace Curtains and Draperies.

Special prices on Trunks and Suit Cases.

Stock must be reduced to make room for Fall and Winter stock, which will soon arrive.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"THE STORE THAT'S ALWAYS BUSY"

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mrs. C. E. Wood and daughter, Miss Ellen Wood, are visiting at Burgaw.

Miss Annie Peterson has returned from a visit to Asheville and Columbia, S. C.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Montgomery have returned home from a trip to Atlantic City, New York and Washington.

Mrs. Wm. E. Lawson has returned from an extended visit to relatives at Columbia and Newberry, S. C., and Augusta, Ga.

Mrs. W. J. Reaves has returned from a visit to Jacksonville, Fla. She was accompanied by Mrs. Robert Reaves and children, who will visit her for some time.

Garland, N. C., Aug. 30.—On Thursday night last a most delightful lawn party was given at the old school house on Cypress Creek. It was under the auspices of the members of Antioch Methodist Church and was a great success in every way. A neat sum was raised from the sale of refreshments which will be expended in a fitting manner for the benefit of the church.

MARRIAGE OF POPULAR COUPLE SUNDAY AFTERNOON

Of much interest to many friends in Wilmington was the marriage Sunday afternoon at 6:10 o'clock of Miss Jessie Barnes and Mr. Orin O. Whitlock, which was celebrated at the home of the bride's father, Mr. D. F. Barnes, No. 407 Brunswick street. Rev. C. F. Whitlock, father of the groom, assisted by Rev. J. A. Sullivan, performed the ceremony. There were present only a few relatives and intimate friends of the couple. The bride was handsomely attired in a going-away coat suit of blue, with hat and gloves to match. The bride and groom entered the parlor to the strains of the Bridal Chorus from Lothario, skillfully rendered by Mr. Wilson and Mendelsohn's "Wedding March" was played as the recessional.

The bride is a most attractive young lady and is very popular in a wide circle of friends. The groom is the eldest son of Rev. C. F. Whitlock, formerly of this city, but now of Joplin, Mo. He holds a position with Chesnut & Freeman, wholesale and retail shoe dealers, and is a popular young business man.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitlock left on the 7 o'clock north-bound train for Elkins, and other points in the mountains of North Carolina. They will be at home after September 10th, at No. 407 Brunswick street.

LOCAL DOTS.

The regular monthly meeting of the County Commissioners will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock, having been postponed from yesterday, which was a legal holiday.

The fire department was called out at 10:10 last night by an alarm from box 54 on account of an electric fuse burning out at No. 100 Chestnut street. There was no damage.

The local delegates from the North Carolina Waterways Association are leaving for New London, Conn., to attend the annual convention of the Atlantic Deepwater Waterways Association, which will continue through this week.

The barge Old Dominion, in tow to the Cecilia, arrived yesterday from Charleston to receive a cargo of cross ties for a North Carolina road. G. T. and W. J. Flynn, after arriving here with the barge, the Cecilia cleared for the return trip to Charleston.

William Pigford, a colored driver, cut an ugly gash in his arm yesterday morning when a horse he was driving slipped and fell in an alley between Front and Chestnut streets. The negro alighted to cut the harness and release the animal when the knife slipped and inflicted the wound. No arteries were severed.

Messrs. Albert Solomon and Marx Nathan were arrested yesterday afternoon at Front and Princess streets by Officer G. W. Bullard on a charge of an affray. The two gentlemen became involved in an altercation and several blows were exchanged before they were separated by friends. The affair occurred on Princess street, near Front, about 1 P. M. Chief of Police Fowler recognized them for their appearance before the Recorder.

TENTH DISTRICT REPUBLICANS

Two-Headed Congressional Convention at Asheville Yesterday (Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., Sept. 2.—The Republicans of the Tenth district held a double convention here today. R. H. Staton, of Hendersonville, was named as the candidate for Congress by both factions. The Taft Republicans nominated Judge Ewart, of the Hendersonville district as elector and the Roosevelt delegates chose Z. V. Watson, of Jacksonville county. There was not a quorum of delegates represented but this point was not raised. Buncombe had two sets of delegates and considerable time was spent in trying to come to an agreement. Richmond Pearson wished Roosevelt delegates to be seated as well as Taft delegates, but the Taft men would not agree. Chairman Roland presided over the first convention and after the business was concluded the Roosevelt people held theirs with C. G. Lee presiding. R. H. Staton was named by the Taft men and was also nominated or endorsed by the latter convention.

The Roosevelt Republicans held their county convention at 10 A. M. besides choosing delegates put out a full county ticket. The Taft men held a county convention at 12 o'clock and chose delegates only, endorsing Thomas Settle for Governor and declaring for local option.

W. W. W. C. confederates Juanes, Sept. 2.—General Victoriano Huerta, commander of the Mexican Federal troops in the north, arrived here tonight where he will make his headquarters. Three hundred infantry, artillery and cavalry arrived on the three trains with the commander as a guard.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

The Misses Clark, of Rosedale, were guests at The Orion yesterday.

Ex-Solicitor Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow, spent last night in the city.

Mr. B. P. Teachey, of Wallace, N. C., was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Mr. R. E. Lee and son, of Laurinburg, were guests at The Orion yesterday.

Mr. Claude Gore, of Rockingham, was here yesterday, a guest at The Orion.

Mr. R. B. Bondy, of Marion, S. C., was here yesterday, stopping at The Orion.

Messrs. C. A. and J. J. Oliver, of Marietta, N. C., were guests at The Orion last evening.

Mr. St. Julian Springs, of Lake Waccamaw, was among yesterday's arrivals at The Orion.

Dr. J. Arthur Doshier, wife and child, of Southport, were here yesterday, guests at The Orion.

Iredell Meares, Esq., is in Greensboro, where today he will attend the state convention of the Progressives.

Mr. L. J. Carter, president of the Hanover Realty Co., returned yesterday from a very pleasant visit of three days to his father at Wallace, N. C.

Mr. L. B. Rogers, formerly of Wilmington, but now Mr. Adkins, where he is engaged in the wholesale grocery business, is spending a few days in the city. He has been most pleasantly greeted by many friends.

Among those registered at The Orion yesterday were C. D. Osborn, Oxford; Dr. L. E. Ricks, Fairmont; Ralph W. Page, H. A. Page, Jr., Abbeville; E. H. Hall, Charlotte; J. J. McKay, Bolivia; R. E. Lee and son, Laurinburg.

Among Sunday's guests at The Orion were W. L. Groom, Rocky Mount; H. L. Lyon, Whiteville; J. W. Morton, Winston-Salem; J. E. Kelly, Mt. Olive; W. G. Peace, Raleigh; Samuel T. Meares, Clarkton; David C. James, Greenville; L. T. Tracy, Rocky Mount; E. L. Huntley, Wadesboro.

Among yesterday's arrivals at The Orion were Mr. and Mrs. D. J. B. Collins, Clinton, N. C.; J. A. Lanier, Jr., R. Marshall, Burgaw; W. E. Smith, A. R. Taylor, Fairmont; Thos. S. Payne, Washington, N. C.; N. E. Day, Jacksonville, N. C.; J. K. Nicholson, J. D. Melvin, Councils; C. L. Fay, Dixon; G. W. Loughlin, Florence, S. C.

Messrs. Ralph Page and Henry A. Page, Jr., of Aberdeen, N. C., spent yesterday in the city, guests at The Orion. Mr. Henry A. Page, Jr., recently sold to his uncle, Mr. Ralph Page, 27,000 acres of land near Hamlet, which he purchased from Mr. D. L. Gore, of this city. The purpose of their visit here yesterday was to finally close the deal for the property by paying over to Mr. Gore something over \$200,000 in cash for the lands, the transaction having been handled through the offices of Messrs. Bellamy & Bellamy.

Mr. E. D. Pearsall, the "sage of Pender," was here yesterday and heard Judge Clark's address at the Court House. He describes this speech as a mighty masterpiece of the Judge for his own candor and says that Judge Clark told one, eternal, immortal truth and that was that "Governor Kitchen accomplished nothing when in Congress and less since he has been Governor of the great State of North Carolina, and that he at great length stated what Senator Simmons had not accomplished but not one word of the many progressive things Senator Simmons has accomplished."

RALEIGH NOT AFFECTED

Sunday Papers and Other Mail Delivered About as Usual (Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 2.—Thanks to the precautions of Postmaster William G. Briggs, the people of Raleigh suffered very little inconvenience Sunday on account of the new Sunday closing law that got through Congress yesterday. Judge Briggs adjusted his office force so under the new regulations that the box holders even received their Sunday papers on schedule time, including the Washington, Richmond, Norfolk and others. Some of the State papers sent their papers to certain news stands here for distribution rather than to the postoffice. However, they would have been distributed promptly to the boxes if they had come regularly through the mails. Postmaster Briggs says that he received only four calls for mail yesterday that could not be supplied. These would have necessitated going through the whole volume of business mail, an impossible thing under the conditions. Much of the newspaper and hotel mail came into the office from the railway mail service, made about ready for distribution to boxes and this helped a great deal.

Raleigh is sweltering under one of the hottest September suns on record. The thermometer ranged as high as 99 Sunday and there was little, if any, improvement over this record today.

OROZCO TAKES BORDER.

Mexican Rebel Leader in Approaching the Town of Ojinaga.

Marfa, Texas, Sept. 2.—General Pascual Orozco, at the head of a band of rebels, is reported approaching the town of Ojinaga, Mexico, across the border from Presidio, Texas tonight. Cuchillo Parado, 35 miles south of the border, was taken by the rebels this afternoon, according to a dispatch from Presidio.

The Federal force at Ojinaga consists of a small band of customs inspectors under command of Lieut. Campillo; five hundred refugees have crossed to the American side.

HOT IN SAVANNAH.

Heat Record Broken When Mercury Climbed to 100 Degrees. Savannah, Sept. 2.—All heat records for September in this city were broken today when the mercury climbed to 100 degrees this afternoon. Reports from the other points in the Southern show that the hot wave remains unbroken. At Columbia, S. C., the temperature reached 99.2 and at Charleston it again touched 100; Tampa, Fla., reported 96.2, breaking the September records there for 21 years.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

Mr. J. W. Yates and family, of Wilmington, are spending some time at the Hanover Inn.

Mr. M. F. Allen and family, of Wilmington, are at the Hanover Inn for a stay of some days.

Sunday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Mr. and Mrs. Will X. Coley and son, Master Harry, have returned from Wrightsville Beach."

Mr. Thos. H. Wright, Mayor of Wrightsville Beach, is spending a few days at Newport, R. I., where he is attending a house party.

Mr. Walter Wood, who conducts the Blue Ridge Summer Camp for boys, near Charlottesville, Va., is spending a few days at the beach.

Mrs. M. J. Gregg and daughter, Miss Luetta and Cora Gregg, returned Sunday to their home in Birmingham, Ala., after a stay of some days at the beach.

Mr. Bennett R. Dunn, of Jacksonville, Fla., is spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. B. Dunn, at the cottage, and has been pleasantly greeted by many friends.

Arrivals yesterday at the Oceanic Hotel included: Miss May Parker, A. J. Southwell, Newberry; J. Tyson, Hamlet; Gibbs Lyles, Columbia, S. C.; A. F. Whitney, Montgomery, Ala.; John T. Reid, Norfolk.

Wilmingtonians were much in evidence at the Oceanic Hotel Sunday and as especially large number were registered there for supper. Besides those from the city the hotel had about 150 guests over Sunday.

Mr. S. M. Gorham returned to his home in Birmingham, Ala., after spending ten days at the Northport cottage. Mrs. Gorham will spend some weeks longer at the resort. She is recuperating from a recent operation for appendicitis.

There were an unusually large number of Wilmingtonians at the Hanover Inn Sunday, especially for supper. There were also a large number of guests from a distance, and Manager Williams says that he expects a "full house" until the close, October 1st.

The past few days have been the hottest experienced this season at Wrightsville Beach. In fact, the season of warm weather has probably not been equalled in several years. There was very little breeze stirring at the beach Sunday and yesterday.

Mr. G. H. Bower, general passenger agent of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, with headquarters at Memphis, Tenn., is spending some time at the Oceanic Hotel. He is accompanied by his wife and children, Miss Grace Bower, Helen Bower, Ward and William Bower.

Little Miss Emma Bellamy Williamson, the attractive young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter Williamson, entertained to her parents' cottage Saturday afternoon in honor of her birthday. She had as her guests a number of her young friends and all enjoyed the occasion to the fullest extent.

Among the arrivals at the Hanover Inn Sunday were: Mrs. L. B. Bone, Mrs. Verona Odum, Pembroke, N. C.; Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Ferrell, Jr., Clinton, N. C.; M. E. Farmer, Washington, N. C.; Sam W. Westbrook, Augusta, Ga.; Misses Westbrook, Greensboro; Dan T. Callahan, Boston; J. L. Thagard, Pembroke.

Among the arrivals yesterday at the Hanover Inn were the following: Harry M. Hartline, Baltimore; Miss M. Burkholder, Greensboro; J. E. Ockelfels, Cincinnati; Capt. L. F. Parker, of the Clyde Line steamer Laramie; Mrs. Potter, New York; R. W. Hicks, Jr., Greenville, S. C.; Miss M. Johnson, Mrs. L. D. McDonald, Atlanta; Miss Margaret Crook, Anniston, Ala.; T. W. Alderman, Greensboro.

Among Sunday's arrivals at the Oceanic Hotel were: J. T. Mshue, M. C. Harper, Conway, S. C.; R. L. Holland, Fayetteville; H. J. Owen, Roseboro; R. C. Clifton, Clinton, N. C.; J. S. Hammock, Springfield, Md.; L. O'Brien, Evergreen; R. H. Chesnut, E. W. Hunter, Turkey; Ellis Thomas, Burgaw; R. E. Lee and son, Laurinburg; A. M. Wheeler, Baltimore; I. B. Davidson, Mrs. Sue D. Livingston, Miss Alida Livingston, Jacksonville, N. C.

The popularity of the Hanover Inn with Wilmington people was substantially evidenced last night, nearly 100 extra suppers being served in addition to the "full house" of regular guests. Manager Warren Williams is very optimistic about the prospect for September business at this splendid little hotel and is retaining a picked crew of trained servants to take care of all comers, and Hanover Inn will do its part in prolonging the season at Wrightsville Beach.

Mr. Frank Pearson, of Atlanta, closed her engagement at Aquinia with her appearance in the two concerts Sunday afternoon and evening, and she left yesterday for her home, accompanied by her young son. Mrs. Pearson was at the beach for more than a month, and appeared in the Sunday concerts at Aquinia and occasionally during the week. She is a singer of note and her songs during her engagement at Aquinia were heard and greatly appreciated by thousands.

Although the Seashore Hotel closed yesterday for the season the bath house and cafe will remain open for some time yet. The season here was the most successful in the history of the hotel, which was well filled with guests from the day of opening until the closing of the main dining room last Saturday. Capt. Edgar Hinton, the manager, is well pleased with the business of the season and the hotel will likely be enlarged and otherwise improved before the opening next year. The hotel cafe and the bath house will continue to do a good business for some time yet. Beginning today the pier will be open to those who desire to fish.

CLARK ADDRESSES

NEW HANOVER MEN

(Continued from Page One.)

House. If this turns out to be the case, the progressive ideas of Democracy cannot be carried out, and when the next election rolls around in four years, the chances are that the Democratic party will lose again, and the Republican party will be "Progressive" party be placed in power.

The speaker pointed out that the production of wealth is 10 times what it was a few years ago, but that the people generally are not benefited by reason of this. The men who have profited by it, and who have piled up great fortunes, are the men who controlled the legislation of the country and have exerted their influence to have laws passed which would enable them to swell their distorted fortunes at the expenses of the masses.

The great contest in this State was not over the question of the Presidency for it is generally conceded that Wilson will get an enormous majority, but centres around the question as to who will be sent to the United States Senate.

Speaking of the two other candidates Judge Clark said that Senator Simmons had never done anything which would in the least exerted his big business interests, which have been such mighty factors for evil in legislation. As to Governor Kitchen, said the speaker, he could say nothing against his record for the simple reason that he had none. Judge Clark said that the Governor has stayed in the Lower House of Congress 12 years and have never introduced a single bill of note, had never advocated progressive legislation of any kind, and in fact had never done anything of any special importance.

He referred to the fact that Senator Simmons had voted a number of times with Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, and declaring that there had never been a moment of his life when Aldrich had any feeling of sympathy for the South, then Simmons, if he had only voted with him one time and against Democracy, it was one time too often. He also referred to Simmons' vote in favor of a tariff on lumber and logs, after he had helped draw a Democratic platform declaring against such a tariff and had made speeches in support of it.

He discussed the Lorimer incident, declaring that Lorimer was, before he went to the Senate, the attorney for the lumber trust, drawing a salary said to have been \$75,000 a year. He said that the Lorimer incident was not a matter of the past, but that it was a matter of the present, and that it was a matter of the future. He said that the Lorimer incident was a matter of the past, but that it was a matter of the present, and that it was a matter of the future. He said that the Lorimer incident was a matter of the past, but that it was a matter of the present, and that it was a matter of the future.

In discussing some of the leading political and economical questions of the day, Judge Clark referred to the postal savings bank system, the discrimination of freight rates in this State, the question of pension reform, with recognition of Confederate soldiers, the parcels post, government ownership of telegraph and telephone lines, with government regulation of railroads and other common carriers, and the initiative, referendum and recall.

Referring to the postal savings bank system, the speaker declared that the system as it exists at present, is almost useless for the purpose which it was intended by its first advocates, in that it permitted the loan of the funds deposited with the government to banks at a rate of 2-1/2 per cent. interest, while it does not allow the funds, or any part of them, to be loaned out to the farmers, small merchants and workmen as is done by the government land banks of Germany. He declared that many people in these classes are fearful of banks and hide their money away in their houses, old cupboards, etc., and that in this manner there is a loss of interest on the money to its owners, as well as the ever-present risk of loss by fire burglary, etc. Such people are usually willing to trust the government, but their savings are usually not sufficient to purchase government bonds, and the postal savings bank offers them an ideal place to keep their savings. However, the real good of the system will come from a provision that the money be loaned in small amounts at a reasonable rate of interest and upon good security, to the farmers, working men and small merchants, who need it most.

The speaker pointed out that for the past few years the Richmond Board of Trade has been issuing to the National banks all the notes they loan out, and without charging one cent of interest. Why, he asked, should the capitalists who create nothing receive all their money from the government without interest, and the farmers, who are the producers and loaders of the country, not be able to borrow from the government at all.

Regarding freight rate discriminations, Judge Clark declared that a shipper could fill a car some point in Texas, or some other Southern State, and ship it to Lynchburg or Richmond at the expense of the Virginia cities at the expense of this State, and said that Senator Simmons had been derelict in his duty in this matter, as he had never attempted to obtain legislation against such an unequal and undemocratic system.

Touching on the pension matter, the speaker declared that for 47 years the South has been paying money into a common treasury of the government, and that this money has gone to pension Northern soldiers altogether. Giving figures, he said that since the War Between the States, according to the government

reports, there had been paid in \$4,500,000,000 for pensions to Federal soldiers and soldiers' home. Of this amount the stricken and impoverished South has been made to contribute \$1,500,000,000. Of this amount North Carolina has paid \$112,000,000, exclusive of interest, which would swell the sum taken from North Carolina, and little of which has come back, to \$250,000,000. This State has been contributing four million dollars a year to the pension fund, and the Sherwood bill, recently passed, will increase this to five million annually, nearly double the entire cost of the State government. This money is spent in the North and helps build up and develop that country. It is a wonder, declared Judge Clark, that the State, and the South as a whole, has prospered at all, and that it did not have the best climate in the world, and the best population, who would have despaired long ago.

The North, he said, has paid \$3,000,000,000 toward the pension fund, but that money has gone back to the North, in fact, to the very States in which it was raised, in addition to the money from the South, and thus the money raised in the North has been spent there. Indiana, he said, contributes annually four million to the pension fund, and this goes back to Indiana, in addition to six million raised out of the impoverished South.

Judge Clark declared that a number of Northern Congressmen had advocated at different times the stoppage of this drain upon the South by placing Southern soldiers and their widows upon the pension rolls, and returning to the Southern States the amount which they contribute to the pension fund. He also referred to the fact that President McKinley intimated that he was in favor of admitting Confederate soldiers to the National Soldiers' Homes, and it is said, would have followed this up by declaring himself in favor of pensioning the soldiers from the South on the same terms that the Northern soldiers are pensioned.

He declared that if the pension roll was purged of those who are fraudulently receiving pensions, it would strike from the rolls probably one-third of those who now receive pensions, and with that this amount could be paid to the honest soldiers of the South without increasing the list one cent. However, Southern Congressmen, controlled by the special interests who have no desire to purge the pension lists because it gives them an excuse to keep up the high tariff, have aided in keeping any reform legislation along this line down.

Another matter on which Judge Clark expressed himself was the parcels post. He said that the parcels post law passed at the last session of Congress was no more what it should be than the postal bank system is what it should be. He referred to it as a bastard parcels post bill. He also expressed himself in favor of government ownership of telephone and telegraph companies and government regulation of railroads and other common carriers.

He then referred to the initiative, referendum and recall, declaring himself in favor of these, though he did not think the recall should be made to apply to judges and other specified officers. He said that this power should be left with the Legislature, to provide for it as to such officers as public sentiment demands. He said that it would be a power which would seldom be necessary to use. He declared that the measures were particularly objectionable to the interests, and that they would be bitterly opposed by them.

In closing, Judge Clark stated that there were many other matters on which he would like to express himself, but that the time was limited, and that it was too warm to detain the audience any longer. He told his hearers that he was fighting their cause and it was for them to decide whether or not he would represent them in the Senate. If the masses of the people felt that they would like to have the views expressed by him pressed in the Senate, then he would be the next Senator.

Judge Clark thanked the audience very kindly for the close attention given him. The distinguished jurist was entertained yesterday afternoon by his friends here on an automobile ride over the county roads. He left for his home in Raleigh last evening.

Catching the Eye of Business



Telegrams Get First Attention

Western Union DAY LETTERS and NIGHT LETTERS secure this preference for you, besides telegraphic speed for letters at small cost.

Full Information and Rates by Telephone

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

WANTED:

Young men and women for positions of trust, where intelligent service will be appreciated and paid for—

Experienced men and women for positions requiring ability and tact—

People of all ages, of all talents, of diverse abilities, for suitable lines of employment—

Used things—such as pianos, organs, every sort of musical instrument, writing machines, cash registers, store and office fixtures, talking machines, books, engravings, post cards, stamp collections, rugs, carpets, furniture of every kind—

Horses and carriages, trucks, business wagons, bicycles, guns, cameras, fishing tackle, automobiles—

Real estate—lots, plots, acres, leaseholds, equities, houses, flats, apartments, stores—

Instruction in painting, singing, the violin and piano, shorthand, accounting, languages, correspondence, dancing—

Places to live—houses, apartments, furnished rooms, boarding places—

These are some of the thousands of people and things that are "wanted" in this city just now—and it you can fill any of these wants,

Inquire of the Public

THROUGH A STAR BUSINESS LOCAL

These are the Kind of Bargains People are Getting at Gaylord's

SALE OF SUMMER GOODS.

25c Colored Organdies, for	11c
40-inch White Lawns	12c
15c Red Seal Zephyr Gingham	9c
50c White Table Damask	28c
3 large 15c Towels, for	25c
36-inch \$1.00 Silks	73c
15c Percales	9c
40-inch Bell Flax	12 1/2c
Men's 25c Hose, 4 pair for	48c
Beautiful Embroidered Trimmed Gowns, with lace sleeves	59c
50c Percale House Waists, high neck and long sleeves	29c
Black Mercerized Underskirts, with deep flounce and ruffle	59c
\$2.50 Messaline Silk Petticoat, pleated, with 12-inch flounce	\$1.69
\$5.00 and \$6.00 Blazers	\$3.73
\$5.00 Silk Waists, in black and colors	\$2.39
Soft Lingerie Waists	.88c
ALL \$1.00 SHAPES IN WHITE DUCK HATS	69c
\$10.00 Cotton Felt Mattresses	\$7.50
Men's \$10.00 Suits	\$7.50
Boys' \$7.00 Suits	\$5.00
Colgate's Cashmere Boquet Talcum Powder	10c
Fruit Jars—Pints, 3 1/2c; Quarts, 5 1/2c; 2-Quarts, 7c each.	
Men's \$1.00 Coat Shirts, selling for 69c, on account of wristband being a little narrower than regular size.	

A Nickel Watch, guaranteed for 12 months, given to Every Boy who purchases \$5.00 worth of Boys' Apparel during this Sale, at one time.

There are many other Bargains in Carpets, Mattings, Trunks, Housefurnishing Goods and so forth, that we have not space to quote.

It will Pay You to come and have a look. Sale ends Saturday, the 7th.

210-212-214 NORTH FRONT ST.

COTTON TARE REPORT ISSUED

Luther Conant, Jr., Commissioner of Corporations, Gives Result of An Extensive Investigation of The Matter

Washington, Sept. 2.—Rules of foreign cotton exchanges, governing the sale of cotton exported from the United States, have created a false standard of weights which inject uncertainty into practically every American cotton sale in the important markets of Europe, resulting in serious abuses, indefensible practices, and even fraud on the part of cotton merchants in this country, according to Luther Conant, Jr., Commissioner of Corporations, in a report to President Taft, made public today.

The report is based upon an extensive investigation of cotton tare—the allowance for bagging and ties enclosing a bale of cotton in order to ascertain the net weight—which was undertaken on complaint that American cotton producers were subjected to serious loss because of excessive deductions for tare under the regulations of leading European markets. The producer does not ordinarily suffer under these rules, according to the commissioner, because of the active competition among merchants in the purchase of cotton from the farmer for export. The existence of competition and its remedial effect, however, he points out, cannot always be relied upon, and it is impossible to escape the conclusion that the producer may be injured and sometimes lose.

The tare rules, the report declares, complicate price calculations with an unnecessary element of chance and involve economic waste because of the use of excessive bagging. If this waste does not injure the producer, or merchant or spinner, it must impose an unnecessary burden upon the consumer of cotton goods, says the report. Commissioner Conant declares that immediate action should be taken to remedy the evils and offers suggestions for temporary and ultimate permanent relief.

The American producer sells his cotton gross weight and as a rule according to the report, believes that he makes a big profit on tare by receiving the same price for bagging that he obtains for cotton. This is untrue, the report says, as the evidence demonstrates that the buyer of cotton takes the tare into consideration in fixing the price he offers.

Cotton for export on the other hand is sold net weight. It is in this connection that complication and uncertainty are injected into cotton sales. The American exporter, by the terms of his invoice contract with the foreign buyer, must compute the net weight of his cotton by deducting 6 per cent from the gross weight. The average bale of cotton, weighing 500 pounds gross, contains about 478 pounds of tare as it comes from the producer to the exporter. A deduction of 6 per cent under the foreign tare rules, from a gross weight of 500 pounds, however, would leave only 470 pounds net or 8 pounds less than the actual weight of the net cotton in the bale. In addition to that discrepancy, the report points out, the situation is further complicated by the fact that when the cotton reaches its destination, the foreign buyer, under the contract with the American exporter, has the right to demand an actual test for tare. In this test, the rules fix a maximum allowance for tare of only about 5.3 per cent of 1-2 pounds on a bale of 500 pounds. This is a discrepancy of 3-12 pounds as compared with the 30-pound invoice deduction and the foreign buyer calls upon the exporter to make good that amount.

The American exporter, under these circumstances, according to the report, faces a serious problem in conducting business at a loss. Some cotton merchants, Mr. Conant says, argue that these facts are thoroughly understood by the trade and are adjusted in the price which the exporter asks for his cotton. The commissioner does not entirely agree with this view and says that the practical result of the rules is that the exporter adds unnecessary tare to his cotton.

"The exporter," he says, "naturally adds tare up to the amount allowed by the rules (roughly 26 1-2 pounds). He does this by 'patching,' that is placing strips of bagging on the bale. A small part of such patching is usually necessary to cover sample holes. However, since the exporter in making out his invoice must deduct 6 per cent, he frequently goes further and adds tare up to at least 6 per cent of the total weight of the bales; sometimes he adds even more.

"Obviously, if the exporter makes a complete adjustment in the price, and also adjusts by adding tare, he makes a profit on such added tare. If, however, complete adjustment is not made in the price, this addition of tare becomes simply a means of protection against loss, although in the trade it is usually spoken of as a 'profit on patching.'

"Granting that the price of cotton is in no way affected by the 6 per cent rule, it is nevertheless highly objectionable. It results in changing the gross weight of the bale and thus introduces an avoidable element of chance, both as to the actual weight of cotton to be paid for and as to price.

As a result of this 6 per cent rule, the commissioner estimates that at least 50 per cent of American exports of cotton are over-tared and that an insignificant proportion of the remainder is under-tared. It is this use of unnecessary tare, says the report, that injects uncertainty and possible fraud into the cotton business.

"This uncertainty," adds the report, "strikes at the basic factor of every transaction, namely, the amount of commodity actually sold. It in effect establishes a false standard of weights with the inevitably unfortunate consequences of such a condition. It thus gives an advantage to a skilled class of specialists who best understand the complicated details of the business, with a corresponding disadvantage to the less expert. It is not sufficient to say that the competition among these skilled classes often forces them to turn over the benefit of this false measure to the producer. It is not seriously contended that this is always so, and there is thus ever pres-

ent the open door to fraud. There is always the invitation to cotton merchants to adopt improper practices, and there is thus enticed into the trade a class of men who bring discredit upon honest merchants. This is not only theoretically so, but it is actually so. Buyers of cotton both in this country and abroad are constantly finding themselves involved in transactions where shippers have taken advantage of these opportunities to defraud."

The ideal remedy for all these evils, Mr. Conant concludes, is the standardization of tare to be put on a bale of cotton by making it a definite or readily ascertainable amount, so that the net weight may be determined without controversy or test. The present careless and irregular methods of covering cotton, if the evils are allowed to go uncorrected, he declares, seem likely to invite legislation.

Pending the adoption of a thorough remedy, the commissioner believes substantial benefits will accrue by modifying the 6 per cent contract so as to provide for a deduction of 5 per cent or some other percentage more accurately representing the amount of covering actually necessary to protect the cotton. The requirements of the contract, he says, should certainly be identical with the allowance established by the rules under an actual test.

There would be a great saving, the report says, if the cotton could be compressed at the gin. Under the present practice the staple is pressed at the gin and later compressed to greater density at numerous establishments scattered over the cotton belt. Compressing at the gin, he says, would encounter opposition from the owners of compresses because it would destroy their business. Furthermore, he adds, it would be impractical at this time because it would require a capital outlay of at least \$100,000,000 to equip plants with compresses. Nevertheless, he believes, this is an ultimate ideal condition to which the cotton trade must look forward.

COTTON CROP REPORT COMING

Course of Prices Will Depend Much Upon Its Issuance This Morning—Falling Off in Condition Expected of From 2 to 3 Points.

New Orleans, September 2.—The week in the cotton market on this side of the water will not begin until Tuesday morning. At 11 o'clock New Orleans time the government will issue its report on the condition of the crop on August 30. The course of prices during the remainder of the week will depend much upon the percentage of condition returned, unless strong weather developments, one way or another, come to light.

"As opinion stood on the close of last week, the market looks for a falling off in condition of from two to three points for the month—that is from the percentage given by the government on July 25, which was 76.5. Probably the consensus of opinion is 74. The more conservative element in the market probably would place the figure at 73, and there are some bulls who look for nothing higher than 71 or 72, just as there are many bears who think the condition will be 76, or even higher.

If the percentage of condition is put above that of last year, as it would be with a loss of two or three points, it will be followed by a crop of large estimates of the total yield. A year ago the condition was 73.2, and two years ago it was 72.1. The argument will be, if figures no lower than 74 are issued, that the crop is actually better than it was a year ago, when a record-breaking yield was coming to maturity. Such a happening has not been expected by those who have tried to apply logic to the situation and have taken into account the many reports of damage that have come in from various parts of the belt, as well as the drought in portions of Texas and Oklahoma.

One argument that will without doubt be advanced by the bulls is that the crop is two to three weeks late this season the belt over, and that, therefore, the usual August deterioration has not yet set in, but will be experienced in September, and will be all the more severe for having been delayed.

A condition report above 74 will cause a decline, while a report under that figure will help the bulls.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

Liverpool, Sept. 2.—Spot in limited demand; prices 1 to 3 points lower; American middling, 1.18; good middling, 6.79; middling, 6.37; low middling, 6.13; good ordinary, 5.65; ordinary, 5.17. The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 4,900 American. Receipts 7,000 bales, including 6,900 American. Futures quiet and steady and closed barely steady.

Sept. 6-8; Sept. and Oct. 5.92-1.2; Oct. and Nov. 5.88; Nov. and Dec. 5.83-1.2; Dec. and Jan. 5.83-1.2; Jan. and Feb. 5.84; Feb. and March 5.85-1.2; March and April 5.86-1.2; April and May 5.87-1.2; May and June 5.88-1.2; June and July 5.88; July and August 5.87-1.2.

G. at Inducements. Murphy—"This is a liberal policy the smooth-jawed young man sold yet?" Casey—"Yes, Shure, there are some very attractive inducements if I get hurt playin' golf, polio drivin' me own aeroplane.—Puck.

Many Driven From Home. Every year, in many parts of the country, thousands are driven from their homes by coughs and lung diseases. Friends and business are left behind for other climates, but this is costly and not always sure. A better way—the way of multitudes—is to use Dr. King's New Discovery and cure yourself at home. Stay right there with your friends and take this safe medicine. Throat and lung troubles find quick relief and health returns. Its help in coughs, colds, grip, croup, whooping cough and sore lungs make it a positive blessing. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. B. Bellamy.

ENGLAND BANK RAISES RATE

Large Volume of Money Needed to Move Crops and Care for Increased Business—The Outlook Here.

The weekly financial review issued by J. S. Bache & Co., New York, bankers, contains the following review of the money situation:

The Bank of England on Thursday raised its rate to 4 per cent. from 3 per cent.—a rather unusual move for August. The foreign exchange market had been strong in anticipation of an advance in the bank's rate, but this was not expected to be carried above 3 1-2 per cent. London is taking care this year of large issues of securities, which it has not yet been possible to distribute to investors. The bank is strong in gold, but much of the metal is expected to be needed for Egypt, where the cotton crop is good and requires a considerable amount to finance it. The trade of South America is also very active and the exports from there have also to be financed. South America's imports, however, are likely to be large and to reduce the balance needed. Gold is in demand on the Continent, especially in Berlin and Vienna. The United States might, too, find it necessary to bring gold over from London, but this may be avoided. While the whole foreign situation shows that money will undoubtedly be in good demand through the Fall, there is still a belief that no stringency will occur and that the bank rate may not have to be raised higher than 4 per cent.

The call rate here does not yet show signs of hardening, but the larger demand has begun and time loans are effecting the tightening of the strings. This will, for a time, undoubtedly grow stronger from week to week until the return flow of crop money begins. Last year we went through the crop-moving period easily, but the 1911 crop was appreciably smaller than this year promises, while business was declining then and its needs were far less than have already developed as a result of the great activity prevailing. Consequently, we must for a time expect close working of the money market, although it may be that actual strain will be avoided.

This crop moving stress is, as usual, no natural operation, as it would be under an efficient banking system, but means much ruction and possibly some wrenching in financial arrangements for legitimate business.

It would seem as though the country's trying experience from year to year in the money market, accentuated occasionally by the distress of panic, would have sufficiently educated politicians to at least a vague appreciation of the needs of the country in the direction of banking and currency reform. But on the contrary none of the platforms treat the subject with real intelligence, but display instead evasion or ignorance of the subject. The Democratic platform, which fortunately Governor Wilson ignores, is perhaps the most full of sophistry.

WARM WEATHER THIS WEEK

Showers Expected in Eastern States The Latter Part

Washington, Sept. 1.—Warm weather over the Middle West and in the Eastern and Southern States is predicted for the coming week by the Weather Bureau. Temperatures below normal are announced for the Northwestern States, the Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions and the Pacific Coast States.

Showers in the Northwestern States and in the Northern States from Minnesota eastward are indicated by low barometric pressure, which will prevail Monday and Tuesday. This disturbance probably will move eastward to the Mississippi Valley by Wednesday and prevailing in the Eastern States the latter part of the week.

There are no present indications, according to the Weather Bureau, of a disturbance in the West Indies.

COTTON LEGISLATION EXPECTED

Bill of Lading Reform Will Come up at Next Congress.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Legislation designed to carry out the bill of lading reforms which cotton shippers of the South have been striving for for a number of years, is almost a certainty at the next session of Congress. Advocates of these reforms said today that they are almost certain to succeed when Congress reassembles.

Over \$2,000,000,000 worth of business is carried on each year through the credit furnished shippers and producers by bills of lading. The cotton interests want a law passed which will insure them a uniform instrument, so well protected by laws that frauds will be impossible and that the banks which advance money on them will have no hesitancy in accepting them.

A bill of this character passed the Senate in the closing hours of the session, so late that action by the House was impossible. Heretofore the bill of lading interests have encountered most opposition in the upper house. The lower house passed bills for the relief of shippers at previous sessions, and it is expected that both houses will get together on the proposition early next session.

Needed at Once.

"Say, old chap, I want to introduce you to a friend of mine. He's temporarily embarrassed and wants to borrow \$5. Can you accommodate him?" "We'll, what does he want it for?" "He owes it to me."—Cleveland Leader.

AVIATOR WITH HEADACHE FALLS

Only recently we read of an aviator who said he fell because his head ached. He wasn't himself. In the least moment of danger his faculties failed him. Don't have headache—It's a success.

HICKS' CAPUDINE

cure headache—gets at the cause, whether heat, cold, grippe, nervousness. Liquid, pleasant to take, quickly effective. 10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S

ASTHMA REMEDY

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price \$1.00. Trial Package by Mail 10c.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props. Cleveland, O.

For Sale by J. H. Bunting Drug Co.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Sept. 3, 1912. Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday: Temperature at 8 A. M., 79 degrees; at 8 P. M., 87 degrees; maximum, 96 degrees; minimum, 76 degrees; mean, 86 degrees. Rainfall for the day, .01; rainfall for the month, to date, 2.00. Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 1.2 feet.

Weather Forecast. For North and South Carolina—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light to moderate variable winds.

Port Calendar—Sept. 3. Sun rises 5:47 A. M. Sun sets 6:36 P. M. Day's length 12 hrs. 49 min.

Tides. High water. Low water. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. Wilmington 2:12 3:18 8:17 9:23 Southport 12:03 3:30 6:31 9:01 Masonboro Inlet 5:21 6:01

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

Sept. 2, 1912.

STATIONS: Weather at 8 P. M. Highest today. Lowest last night. 24-hour precipitation.

Athens	cloudy	94	76	0
Asheville	clear	86	62	0
Atlanta	clear	92	74	0
Augusta	pt. cldy	98	74	0
Birmingham	clear	92	74	0
Boston	cloudy	82	54	.12
Charleston	clear	100	80	0
Charlotte	clear	96	74	0
Chicago	cloudy	86	78	1.48
Cincinnati	pt. cldy	98	80	0
Jacksonville	clear	98	78	0
Memphis	clear	90	74	0
Mobile	clear	94	74	0
Montgomery	clear	94	76	0
New Orleans	clear	90	78	0
New York	rising	90	80	.30
Oklahoma	pt. cldy	94	74	0
Pittsburg	clear	90	68	1.20
Raleigh	cloudy	98	74	0
Savannah	clear	100	78	0
Shreveport	clear	90	72	0
St. Louis	cloudy	92	76	0
Washington	pt. cldy	96	76	.26

MARINE.

Arrived.

Tug Cecilia, towing barge Old Dominion, Charleston. Str. Navahoe, 1,278 tons, Packer, New York. H. G. Smallbones, 84. Lisbon, Black, Elizabethtown, J. W. Brooks.

Cleared.

Str. Lisbon, Black, Elizabethtown, J. W. Brooks.

Tug Cecilia, Charleston.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Schr. Van Lear Black, 516 tons, Davidson, Martin & Wood.

Schr. Wm. Thomas Moore, 261 tons, Jones, Martin & Wood.

Stephen G. Lund, 400 tons, Graham, Martin & Wood; in distress.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 2.

NO MARKETS—Holiday.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Aug. 31.)

CORN—Firm; \$1.00 per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 85c. to 95c.

per bu. Sweet potatoes, 75c. to 85c.

BEANS—On foot, good demand, 36c. per lb.; dressed, 8c.

POIK—Small, 10c.

WOOL—Burr, 11c. to 12c. per lb.; free of burr, 10c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 10c. per lb.; dry, 13 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 17 to 18c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27c. to 28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; 4c. to 5c. per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, very dull, 35 to 45c. per cent. Chickens, spring, 12c. to 15c. per head.

EGGS—Old, \$1.00 to \$1.25; lambs, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

EGGS—Good demand, 23 to 24c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Pumphrey & Co.)

Market—Nothing doing, Wilmington, Aug. 31.

North Carolina—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, 70c. to 75c.; machine-picked, 65c. to 70c.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, \$1.00; machine-picked, 95c.

Virginia—Prime hand-picked, 88c.; machine-picked, 85c.

A Question of Feet.

"How can a boy with only two feet make all that noise?" said the impatient father as Johnny clattered down the stairs.

"Never mind," said the mother. "Let us be thankful he isn't a centipede!"—Exchange.

Well Paper.

Paper for the beautifying of walls in residences was first introduced into Europe from the east, in 1625.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by the Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. C. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, etc.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

H. DEW. RAPALJE

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

MADE BY

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SOUTHERN BUILDING

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ARCHITECT

38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WOOD'S Special Grass and Clover Mixtures Make the Largest Yields of Hay and Pasturage.

They are combined in proper proportion to give the best results for the different soils for which they are recommended. We use in these mixtures our Trade Mark Brand Seeds, which are best qualities obtainable, and tested both as to germination and purity.

Our customers report the most satisfactory results, both as to securing excellent stands and largest yields of both hay and pasturage.

Wood's Descriptive Fall Catalog gives full information; also tell about all other Grass and Clover Seeds, Alfalfa, Vetches and all Farm and Garden Seeds for fall planting.

Catalog mailed free. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,

Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

The Column Without a Fault

Made From

Solid

Timber

and

Guaranteed

Not to

Crack.

Made By

Clarendon Column Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

Phone 1820.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

am13-1mo

New Rye

500 Bushels New Rye.

300 Bags Rice

500 Bags Oats

300 Bags Meal

2000 Kegs Nails

Also any other goods usually kept in a Wholesale Grocery store.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

Wilmington, N. C.

Mulletts

The first of the season. Send your orders quick and they will be filled promptly.

THE STONE CO.

Wholesale Grocers & Distributors.

Wilmington, North Carolina.

Let Us Know

Your wants. We will satisfy them quick. We guarantee quick service.

T. R. IS ON THE WAY.

Strikes Out on Month's Campaign—Speaks on Five Subjects.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 2.—Theodore Roosevelt struck out on the course of a month's journey into the four corners of the country. His first day's trip took him into Connecticut and Massachusetts. Then he turned toward the West. He was welcomed at every stop today by large crowds.

Col. Roosevelt discussed Socialism, the tariff, the Democrats, and the weather. He spoke to long lines of the weather, for he made some speeches standing bareheaded in the rain.

The Colonel announced his belief that the National government should help lighten the expenses of political campaigns. He declared himself also in favor of control of insurance companies by the National government, and said school houses should be used for political meetings.

"I want to touch on the need of the government exercising its powers to help voters to get more control over their machinery than at present," he said at Hartford. "One of the ways by which I would see that done is by having greater use made of the school houses. For example, the polling places ought all to be in the school houses. At present, we have the polling places in sheds, barber shops, saloons, everywhere, but we do not have them in the school houses."

"But the school houses should be utilized much more than that. They should be thrown open to all citizens for the purpose of public meetings, especially political meetings."

"At first this will strike you as rather a revolutionary move. But I am sure we shall have to have the government assume for all parties some of the expenses of our political campaigns. It ought not to be necessary for the parties to hire buildings in which their candidates are to speak. We have the school houses in which they can speak. We can make each school house a Senate chamber of the plain people."

"Think of it. This would reduce the expenses of campaigns. Everything should be done in the line of making the government limit what is necessary to be spent and what can and shall be spent on campaigns, and also to make the government provide further legitimate means of reaching the people by arguments, which ought to be the real end of every campaign committee."

In speaking of control of insurance companies Colonel Roosevelt said: "The National government must inevitably assume the control over business operations of many kinds that it never before has touched. For instance, the National government will have to exercise control over the insurance business, not to the extent of interfering with the taxing power of the States, but so as properly to both regulate and protect the insurance companies."

Colonel Roosevelt began his tour with the announced intention of making one speech in most of the States he is to visit. The only speech he had planned to deliver today was in Hartford, although a few days ago he promised to stop at Bridgeport, Conn., for an hour. But at almost every stop along the line he found crowds which cheered until he made a speech.

BULL MOOSE MEET TODAY.

Crisis Reached in N. C. Republican Affairs—The Two States.

Greensboro, N. C., Sept. 2.—The State convention of the Progressive party here tomorrow, followed by the Republican gathering at Charlotte Wednesday, are expected to bring Republican affairs in this State to a crisis. The Progressive meeting will be attended by those who have sworn allegiance to neither of the old parties. On the other hand, the Charlotte meeting will be attended by many delegates from the old parties, who are not yet ready to leave the Republican party for the new organization.

Full State tickets and Presidential electors will be chosen by both conventions, and in addition the Progressives are expected to lay plans for a whirlwind campaign of the State. Dr. Cyrus Thompson, of Onslow county, is slated for the gubernatorial nomination at the hands of the Progressives.

The fight for control of the State party machinery between the Taft and Roosevelt factions is expected to fracture the convention at Charlotte. The Taft forces are in control of the present machinery, and the call for the convention declares that only those delegates who declare allegiance to President Taft will be seated, and Roosevelt delegates will receive scant hearing. Roosevelt delegates plan to seize the situation and nominate Roosevelt electors, it is said, and Roosevelt sympathizers for State offices.

Thomas Settle, of Asheville, is slated for the Republican nomination for Governor. Mr. Settle has signified his willingness to run, provided a local option plan is included in the platform. The State at present is a prohibition commonwealth.

Cananea, Mexico, Sept. 2.—Colonel Emilio Camello, the commander in this district, made a raid into Santa Cruz last Saturday night with 150 men. All of the bridges between that place and Nogales were burned and much loot carried off. The railroad company made repairs Sunday morning and attempted to run a train from Cananea to Nogales, but was forced to return as all culverts also were found destroyed.

To Drive Out Malaria

Take the Old Standard GLOVES TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most essential form for grown people and children.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Harpier Line Steamships—Schedule, American National Bank—Dear Sir,

Business Locals.
Wanted—Auto Repair Man.
Wanted—Position by Saw Filer.

THE HANDLING OF TRUCK.

Inter-State Commerce Commission to Hold Hearing in Territory.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 29th 1912. "To The Truckers Association of Wilmington and New Hanover County. Dear Sirs:—The Inter-State Commerce Commission, through its chairman, Judge Judson Clements, has agreed to thoroughly investigate the schedules, rates, and refrigeration of the freight and express service of the fruit and truck growers of Eastern North Carolina during the month of September or October. I have been requested to insist upon the truckers gathering and collecting their losses from delayed trains and improper refrigeration at shipping points, in transit or at market points, so that they will have correct amount of loss of shipment, and exact time of delay in transit to market. The necessity of such correct accounts is apparent to all concerned as the Inter-State Commerce Commission must have accurate facts and statements upon which to base their investigations."

The truckers will need some time to get up such accurate statements from their own books, the local buyers' books, and from the record sale books of the Northern commission men.

So I trust and hope that the truckers will get ready for such investigation at once, so as to be ready in time.

Such accurate accounts will also enable you to readily collect your losses from the railroad companies as they can no longer refuse to pay losses due to their continued negligence.

If the truckers want relief from such losses, now in my judgment is your chance to get fast and better freight and express service.

The railroads insist that they must have 72 hours in which to move strawberries from this section of the State to New York, which is a schedule of only about eight miles an hour for their "Fast Cannon Ball Strawberry Special," while other truck and vegetable trains have spent four to six days going to the same markets in recent years. Only recently carloads of watermelons shipped from Faison and Mt. Olive on July 31st did not reach the New York markets until August 9th, taking nine days in transit, a schedule of about 2-1/2 miles an hour, just an ordinary walking gait.

The fruit and vegetable industry of Eastern North Carolina, wonderful in its possibilities, must have a fast refrigerator freight and express service with sufficient trains and cars for rapid transit to market. It will bring prosperity to the truck and fruit growers of Eastern North Carolina and also largely increase the profits to the railroads as well. The truckers have waited in vain for faster schedules, but they have grown slower rather than faster, and they must have relief through the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the courts or abandon this industry so well adapted to this section of the State and so full of wonderful possibilities. Upon constant and continued complaints from truckers of slow trains and improper refrigeration in my district The Inter-State Commerce Commission has agreed through its chairman, Judge Judson Clements, to make a thorough investigation of the rates, schedules, refrigeration, etc., of the freight and express service and I trust that the truckers will be ready with complete data of such poor service when the Commission is ready for their hearings in the near future.

Yours most truly,
JOHN M. FAISON.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

New Issuing of Stock Will Be Taken By Coast Line
(Baltimore Sun, 30th.)
Local interest was awakened eagerly the action of the Louisville & Nashville directors who met in New York to act on an increase in stock. The announcement that only \$12,000,000 additional stock had been authorized was a distinct disappointment. At the old stock closed yesterday at 165. The authorized issue brings Louisville & Nashville stock to \$72,000,000.

The Coast Line must take its share of the stock, it is declared, in order to maintain its obligation in the debenture bonds for which Louisville & Nashville stock is held as collateral. In 1902 the Gates holdings of \$30,000,000 of the total issue of \$60,000,000 stock of the Louisville & Nashville were taken over by J. P. Morgan & Co., at a price of \$145 per share and lodged with the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, which issued \$35,000,000 4 per cent bonds, with the Louisville & Nashville stock as collateral.

The indenture of this bond provides for majority control by the Atlantic Coast Line. The control would naturally pass to the new issue of Louisville & Nashville were to go to outsiders, in which case the latter would own more of the stock than the Atlantic Coast Line. But the Atlantic Coast Line has the right to subscribe to new stock pro rata of its present holdings. To raise money for that purpose, the new stock could be made the basis of another collateral bond issue if the company's officials should see fit to follow this course.

ATKINSON HIGH SCHOOL.

Opened Yesterday With Large Enrollment and Bright Outlook.
(Special Star Correspondence.)
Atkinson, N. C., Sept. 2.—Atkinson High School opened this morning with an enrollment of 102 pupils, at least 10 per cent more than the opening last year. Mr. F. S. Toague, of Silver City, again as principal and with an additional teacher added to the faculty, making the number five, the prospects of the school this season are brighter than ever before, and it is hoped that the school will continue to be counted as one of the best high schools in Pender county or Eastern North Carolina. Three students of this school stood examination in July to teach, all of whom received first grade certificates; also the thoroughness of the work done here was shown at the teachers' institute held at Burgaw. The only attaining the highest grade was an Atkinson High School pupil and the third best was also of this school.

SOUTHERN EXHIBIT.

Interesting Display by Commercial Congress at Washington, D. C.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The Department of Agriculture has just finished installing an exhibit in one period of the exposition of the Southern Commercial Congress, in the Southern Building, this city. One whole side of the immense exhibit hall of the Congress is taken up by the exhibit, which was set up under the direction of Prof. F. L. Scribner, special agent of the Department of Agriculture. Professor Scribner had charge of exhibits for the Department of Agriculture at the expositions at Jamestown, Seattle, Buenos Aires, and Turin, Italy.

In the Southern Commercial Congress exhibit are displays from the Forest Service, the Bureau of Plant Industry, the Bureau of Soils, the Office of Public Roads, and the Bureau of Entomology, the whole making an instructive and interesting sight. Some of the exhibits were shown at the Turin exposition. Among the most interesting displays is a miniature good road system, showing construction of the best highways, and a model farm, constructed to scale.

The exposition hall of the Congress is being rapidly filled with exhibits from the Southern States. Exhibits have been received from the following States, viz.: Maryland, Texas, Virginia, North Carolina, and Mississippi. Exhibits are now being prepared for shipment by the following states; viz., Florida, South Carolina, Tennessee, Arkansas and Kentucky.

One of the most attractive exhibits in the hall was installed by the Southern Railway, interpreting the resources of the territory traversed by the line. The booth is constructed of sixteen varieties of Tennessee marble.

Steps are being rapidly taken by the Latin American countries for the installation of their chief exports. The interest of the countries of Latin America is associated with their direct relation to the next annual convention of the Congress to be held in Mobile, Ala., at the time of the opening of the Panama Canal.

ORDERED EVERYBODY TO DANCE

Musician Flood Loses Pistol, Then Arrests Himself: Fined \$25

Winchester, Va., Sept. 1.—Harry Flood, a piano player employed at a local theatre, spent a day on a fishing trip near Harpers Ferry, where he got into a hilarious condition. He created a sensation upon his return to Winchester by going into the lobby of a Main street hotel and commanding all the guests therein to dance or be shot on the spot.

People laughed and poked fun at Flood until he whipped out a large revolver and flourished it over his head, whereupon there was a sudden movement and quick exits were made through doors and windows, while some persons took refuge behind large chairs and pillars.

A friend caught Flood off his guard and took the revolver from him. The musician then ran to the police station, where he entered a plea of guilty and was fined \$25.

GOV. BLEASE REPLIES.

Says He Has Been Most Severely Criticized, Lied on, Abused.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 1.—"As to helping me grant pardons or giving me advice, I thank you very much. If your services are needed you will be called upon, but you need not at all fear being dismissed from your regular duties along that line."

This statement was made here today by Governor Cole Blease in an open letter addressed to United States Senator Benjamin R. Tillman in reply to the senator's open letter attacking Blease's administration of the State, which Governor Blease had recently denied charges that he has been involved in corruption and says that he has been "most severely criticised, lied on and abused."

Senator Tillman's letter followed the Democratic State platform of State, which Governor Blease was renominated on the face of the returns. An investigation of the primary in some of the large counties of the State is now being made to establish, whether or not illegal methods were used.

WIFE'S HEALTH RESTORED

Husband Declared Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Would Restore Her Health, And It Did.

Ashland, Ky.—"Four years ago I seemed to have everything the matter with me. I had female and kidney trouble and so was bad off I could hardly rest day or night. I doctored with all the best doctors in town and took many kinds of medicine but nothing did any good until I tried your wonderful remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My husband said it would restore my health and it has."

Mrs. MAY WYATT, Ashland, Ky.

There are probably hundreds of thousands of women in the United States who have been benefited by this famous old remedy, which was produced from roots and herbs over thirty years ago by a woman to relieve woman's suffering.

Read What Another Woman Says: Camden, N. J.—"I had female trouble and a serious displacement and was tired and discouraged and unable to do my work. My doctors told me I never could be cured without an operation, but thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I am cured of that affliction and have recommended it to more than one of my friends with the best results."

—Mrs. ELLA JOHNSON, 324 Vine St.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

MURDER AT DOVER.

Prominent Citizen Stabbed to Death on Streets by Negro.

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 2.—Yesterday morning the little town of Dover was thrown into great excitement when the news was spread that Mr. Clem Johnson, a prominent citizen had been murdered on the streets by two negro men.

There were no eye-witnesses to the murder except those actually taking part in the affair.

Johnson was stabbed to death, his throat being badly lacerated. Very shortly after the killing took place, Charles Moore and Tass Hill, colored, were arrested and charged with the murder and kept under guard until they were brought to Newbern yesterday afternoon and placed in jail for safekeeping pending an investigation.

The coroner, Dr. Jones, was notified and last night he went to Dover to hold an inquest. A jury was summoned which heard the testimony of several witnesses, which resulted in the holding of Tass Hill for the murder of Mr. Johnson and Charles Moore as an accessory to the murder and kept under guard until they were brought back this morning, and placed in jail. The men claimed they were on their way home and Mr. Johnson stopped them and used abusive language, stating he was going to kill them. Hill said about that time another white man came up but did not know who he was. Hill said just at this time Johnson stabbed him in the neck, and he turned to run and he did, he was again stabbed in the hip.

Moore was also stabbed in the shoulder but he contends he had nothing to do with the fight.

Uncle Ezra

"It don't take me no gill uv effort to git folks into a peck of trouble" and a little neglect of constipation, biliousness, indigestion or other liver derangement will do the same. If ailing, take Dr. King's New Life Pills for quick results. Easy, safe, sure, and only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy's.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head, one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25c. One cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. One cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c.

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TIMBER WANTED.

Three to ten million feet short leaf pine wanted. Answer with full description, number acres, distance from railroad and logging conditions. Address "S." care Star.

WANTED—Second-hand ripper and lathe machine. Must be cheap and in good condition. Address P. O. Box 63, Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE—All persons having claims against the Seashore Hotel, please present for payment at once, so that books can be closed for season. E. L. Hinton, Mgr.

WANTED—Eight first-class carpenters, on Monday night, at ice plant. Second and Castle. Long job and good money to live men. Apply to Foreman for Boyle-Robertson Construction Co.

A WHOLE BLOCK FOR \$2,500.00, at Carolina Place. A chance to clean up over \$200.00 in a few months. It is worth looking into. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate.

SOFT SHELL CHICKS—Spring chickens, dressed and alive; fancy tomatoes; choice meat, lamb and pork; cooking flour and apples; pound and layer cakes, fresh in every day. See our supply before you buy for Sunday. Phone 72. Palace Market.

IF CONCRETE is what you want, phone 700. Ideal Concrete Company, contractors of all kinds of concrete work. Office room, 100 Old Fellows' Building, J. B. Davis, Manager.

WANTED—Position in office by competent young man as book-keeper or stenographer. Am a graduate of the Oak Ridge Institute. Address "Competent," Box 455, Goldsboro, N. C.

ROOMS WANTED—Two rooms for light housekeeping, either furnished or unfurnished, close to preferred; couple, no children; at once. "J. C.," care Star.

YOUNG MAN wants room without board; must be neatly furnished; near in. "Traveler," care Star.

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harris Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; phone 708.

NO INVESTMENT pays as well as Bull and Bear. Loan stock, with such a small outlay of money, 25c a share each week results in \$100.00 in a few years. Take stock now in the 40th series of the North Carolina Home Building Association, which opens Sept. 7, 1912, at 118 Princess street. We have paid out 28 series, and have never failed to please our stockholders. We have been in the business 22 years and our stock pays. C. W. Yates, President; J. H. Taylor, Jr., Sec'y and Treas.

I WANT your chickens, eggs, N. C. meat and anything you may have to ship in the produce line. R. B. Moore, Wholesale Fruit and Produce, 112 N. Water Street.

THE EVERGLADE CAFE—Ever cool, ever pleasant, and patronized by every high-class customer. We are the old Princess Cafe under brand new management; only best stock purchased, and the best menu for the price in the city. Try our menu Mocha and Java. Get the Best, Remember The "Everglade," 113 Princess street. Special attention to ladies.

FOR HIGHEST PRICES and prompt returns, ship your produce to the Wilmington Produce Co., Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE—Pool table, complete, at a bargain for quick purchaser. Apply to Lock Box 8, Tabor, N. C.

THAT COMMODIOUS WHARF on the west side of the river, lying immediately south of the ferry—250 feet wide, extending back 250 feet deep, for rent, commencing first of October next. Will be put in thorough order. Apply to D. L. Gore, 120 North Water street.

WANTED—Position Sept. 1st, by first-class salesman or book-keeper. Any live wholesale or retail; prefer shoes or clothing; first-class, all round man, competent to manage business. Good references. Address "X-F," care Star.

BUICK AND PALMER SINGER Automobiles, now at Queen City Cycle Co.

Dr. Leland Creese Dr. Lillian Creese
CREESE & CREESE.
CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIANS AND
NURSE SPECIALISTS.

All forms of Disease successfully handled—90 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty. Consultation Free.
32-33 GARRELL BLDG. PHONE 1363.
au 10-1f.

Diamonds Watches Silverware Cut Glass

FOR RENT—House on corner of Third and Church street, opposite Cape Fear Apartments; modern conveniences. Apply to 215 North Third street.

FOR SALE—Buildings on lot southeast corner Second and Chestnut streets, known as Bedenour property. Bids will be received until 12 o'clock noon, September 10th, 1912. We reserve the right to reject bids and all bids in. Cape Fear Club, W. A. Hays, Secretary.

WE SOLICIT your shipments of all country produce. Highest market prices paid and prompt returns. L. T. New, Wilmington, N. C.

WHY PAY RENT—Your rent money doesn't buy you a shingle or brick in the house you live in. You can rent money help pay for a home. Take stock in the North Carolina Home Building Association. Series starts Saturday, Sept. 7, 1912. C. W. Yates, President; J. H. Taylor, Jr., Sec'y and Treas. se 13-7-34.

TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED dollars buys a whole block at Carolina Place containing 18 lots, and one dwelling. Only \$12,500.00 cash needed. This property is easily worth \$1,500.00. If you divide it into lots, has water works and granite sidewalks. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. se 1-2f.

YOU SAVE MONEY by buying a lot at Carolina Place. First, it is practically in the city. Has of the city conveniences. And it is very near to the water, gas and electric lights. Lots from \$350.00 to \$500.00. You pay \$100.00 down and \$50.00 per lot in 10 years or later. Call James Owen Reilly, Sole Agent. se 1-2f.

THE RURAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION will open the Twenty-First Series on Saturday, October 5th, 1912. Books open for subscription now. This series limited to one thousand shares. R. C. DeRosier, president; James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer. se 14-6-12.

WANTED—By a gentleman and wife, October 1st, four unfurnished rooms, with bath, in desirable location, with board near, of a small cottage in good location, near board. Rent reasonable. Highest references. Address with particulars, J. M. Crane, New Bern, N. C.

JUST THINK! A desirable seven room cottage, brand new, with all modern conveniences; porcelain bath tub, large rooms on South Sixth street. It can be bought for the reasonable price of \$15,000.00. Lot is 35 feet front and 105 feet deep. A real bargain. Will pay you 10 per cent on investment. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. se 1-2f.

LISTEN, FRIENDS:

4% PAID

—BY A—

BANK WITH TWO MILLION DOLLARS ASSETS AND WITH THE PROTECTION OFFERED BY UNCLE SAM.

SEPTEMBER 3RD DEPOSITS WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM SEPTEMBER 1ST.

The American National Bank

Savings Department

Wilmington, N. C.

A Good Time to Deposit

AN INTEREST QUARTER BEGINS

SEPTEMBER 1, 1912.

Since the first day of September falls on Sunday and the second on a legal holiday, deposits received on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3

will draw three months' interest on December the first.

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company

Southern Building

The Specifications for Your New Home

should call for

Sargent's Artistic Hardware

The wide range of design harmonizing with any style of architecture combined with the real economy of life-long wear affords complete satisfaction.

We are pleased to show Sargent's Designs and to furnish estimates on your requirements.

We carry a full line of Every Design We Show. Any One who has had to wait on "Special Order Goods" will Appreciate This.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 S. Front St.

SPECIAL SALES AGENT.

With Capital and Surplus of \$1,350,000.00

This Bank offers undoubted security and unsurpassed service to its patrons. The officers are always pleased to see customers and give personal attention to their business whether it is large or small.

The Murchison National Bank

OF WILMINGTON

THE ATLANTIC INN

Convenient to the Traveling Public.

LARGE ROOMS & GOOD

RESTAURANT SERVICE

Opposite Union Depot